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VOLUME 11. NO. 18

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1893.

Father July left for Eagle River yesterday.

W. B. LaSelle was at Plainfield last week on a business trip.

The fishing was never better in this locality than it is the present season.

Judge Alban and family left Tuesday evening for a two weeks' stay in Chicago.

J. C. Wixon has gone to Chicago and southern Michigan on a visit of a few weeks.

Louis Wetliam left for Chicago Tuesday night to spend a week at the World's Fair.

A fourteen pound boy arrived at the home of H. C. Braeger Friday morning. Good enough!

Geo. Clayton was at Chicago last week viewing the sights and paying three prices for what little he ate.

An effort will be made by one of the local societies to bring Mrs. Lease, the famous Kansas woman, here for a speech.

Ed Clark and Tim Lennon will leave soon for an extended trip through Montana. They will be gone all summer.

Abe Patrick, formerly of Tomahawk Lake, writes from Montana, where he went recently, that he has a homestead with sixteen million of pine on.

If Rhinelander intends to celebrate the Fourth of July this year, preparations should begin now. The day should not pass without proper observance in a city of this size.

J. E. Jackson has secured the contract for putting in 500 feet of 6-inch water main for the city of Tomahawk. He will begin on the job next week, and expects to finish it up in a short time.

Either the water company or the town board should see that the drinking fountains about the city are put into working order. It is now the middle of June and the fountains are as much as if it were midwinter.

Wausau is evidently making more of an effort for the Normal school than any of the other contestants. When delegates from the town camp on the trail of the regents and meet them at their own doors it must be that they are after it.

Work on the new race track on Berry & Hess' farm begun to-day. A large crew of men were put to work and it is expected that it will be in good shape inside of a week. Before it can be used to any advantage a portion of the road out to the farm will have to be put into better shape.

Miss Francis Woodward will remain in Rhinelander until June 20. Those needing glasses should call at once. Special attention is given to the relief of those peculiar conditions of eye strain from which arise those nervous troubles as St. Vitus dance, sick and nervous headaches, facial neuralgia and epilepsy.

Mrs. Ella Webb Cingmars died at Minneapolis June 1, after a brief illness. The remains were brought here and Sunday the funeral services were held at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Webb. A large number of friends attended the last sad rites and accompanied the mourning relatives to the cemetery. Her parents, brother and sisters and her young husband have the sympathy of all.

Editor Shirk, of the Tomahawk, who, though mean, is smart, was in Rhinelander for the first time Tuesday evening. To say that he was surprised and overcome with awe and admiration at the size and heft of the burg is in no way tampering with the truth. He promised to stay over night and look at the place from other angles, but the whirr was too much for him. He found the Soo depot during the evening and staid right there until a train came along which would take him to Bradley.

Sheriff Sells, of Vilas county, brought a couple of men down to the county jail last week, charged with robbing a traveling man at Eagle River. The preliminary examination was held on Decoration day and Tuesday Attorney Coyne, of Eagle River, had the prisoners brought before County Judge McCormick, on a writ of habeas corpus, and they were discharged on the ground that their examination was held on a legal holiday. Sheriff Sells was present and immediately rearrested the men, taking them back to Eagle for another examination.

Chas. Chaffee, accompanied by his daughter Mabel and Miss Anna LaSelle left last evening with M. J. O'Reilly on his trip east. They will go to the Soo by rail, and from there by boat to Buffalo.

The new race course on Berry & Hess' farm will be called "Jumbo Park." Work on the track will begin this week, and it is expected to have it done ready for use on the 4th of next month. But little has to be done to make a track there. The ground is level and the soil is first-class. It will pack as hard as any clay.

The Sisters who are to have charge of the new hospital have arrived in the city and are now ready for engagement at the old hospital building on King street. Work will begin on the new hospital building right away, and a fine ten thousand dollar structure will be completed as soon as possible. Father July informs us that they will not only build this as a starter, but that if it proves successful that they will make the Rhinelander hospital the leading one of this section and from the earnings add to the buildings if a growing patronage demands it, as it undoubtedly will. The coming of these Sisters means much to the place. It gives us the par excellence of hospitals and also places at the towns people's service a set of trained nurses who can be called to any part of the city.

The June issue of Belford's Monthly is entitled to more than a passing comment, for both in its artistic and literary make-up it is of the best. We notice such progress in this truly Western Magazine, since it has thrown off its political aspirations, that we predict for it, in the near future, a place second to none in American periodical literature. This month's Belford's contains the first chapter of Mrs. Lindon W. Bates' humorous story of the Pacific coast, entitled "A Frontier Fiction." The coming Intercollegiate Base Ball Tournament offers President Rogers of Northwestern and Francis W. Coler an occasion for a splendid, fully illustrated article on college athletics in this country and Europe. Hubert H. Bancroft's unique library of Americana, one of the great treasures of San Francisco, is happily described by pen and picture. Humor and sentiment mingle in three very readable sketches entitled respectively "Rachel and Elias," "An Idle Dream" and "The Honorable Frederick." Finally the defense of spiritism, with phantom pictures interspersed, is graphically undertaken by M. M. Dawson. Altogether a great number.

**The New Train Service.**  
Beginning Sunday the Lake Shore road will run the trains No. 1 and 2 known as the Antigo passenger, from Milwaukee to Rhinelander. This is the change that this place has been asking for so long, and which the Lake Shore has promised so many times. The time of arrival and departure is not yet announced. It leaves Milwaukee at the same time as at present it will arrive here about 9 o'clock in the evening and leave about 6 in the morning. The change will prove of great benefit to people who wish to transact business at Antigo, Wausau, Oshkosh, Appleton or intermediate points and return the same day. It will also bring a couple of more passenger train crews to town.

**The Joint Debate.**  
Messrs. Whitcomb, Mickeljohn and Rezin went to Antigo Friday and participated in the joint debate as representatives of our high school against the Antigo high school. The question was on the expediency of annexing the Sandwich Islands. Our boys took the affirmative, and a body of five Antigo judges decided against them. From the Special, of Saturday, we take the following account of the debate:  
"The joint debate at the high school last night was a great success. The assembly room was filled with 300 people and the exercises went off with satisfaction to every one. The Rhinelander society was ably represented by Messrs. Whitcomb, Mickeljohn and Rezin, and the Antigo society by Mr. Sheriff, May Cornish and Leslie Fowler. The judges were Mayor Albers, Judge Pineune, Dr. Lower, Rev. Ducker and C. O. Marsh. The decision was in favor of Antigo, four to one. After the debate a reception and light refreshments were served, and the Rhinelander people went away feeling that they had been well used in Antigo, though beaten in debate. The door receipts were \$36.00."

**Antigo is Grateful.**  
In behalf of the city of Antigo, I wish to extend thanks to Rhinelander and especially its fire department for its quick response to our call for assistance during the fire Saturday May 20, and also to the Lake Shore Ry. Co. for the assistance rendered by it which our people highly appreciated. Signed,  
J. P. ALBERS, Mayor.

**A "Fair" Companion.**  
The above is the title of a little publication just issued by a responsible publishing house in Chicago. The book is intended as a guide for visitors to the World's Fair and contains daily programs of entertainment covering a term from one day to a week, various plans to suit the time and tastes of the visitor, enabling him to see the objects of interest according to his ideas in a systematic and definite manner. Copy of book may be had upon application to any agent of the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western Ry., on payment of 50 cents.

**Judge Browne on Cycling.**  
Tuesday Milwaukee Sentinel: Judge Paul Browne, of Rhinelander, Wis., was in the city yesterday and, among other things, laid in a quantity of bicycle supplies to take up home with him. Besides presiding over the municipal court at home and transacting his law and real estate business, Judge Browne finds time to ride a bicycle regularly every day that the weather permits. He not only rides, but has the reputation of being able to "push" a wheel faster than any man in his neighborhood. "I have recently returned from Biloxi, Miss., where I spent the winter," said Judge Browne. "I carried my wheel, an Andrae roadster, with me, and had great sport riding on Biloxi's shell roads. There is no snow nor ice to interfere with the rider and the going, even in midwinter, is better than any I have found elsewhere. The bicycle fever had just struck the place when I was there and every person who could possibly get a wheel was riding. The craze for riding was not confined to men by any means; the women had it just as bad. The leaders of Biloxi society, Miss Doris Theobald, Miss Annie Elmer, Miss Amy Davis, Miss Lopez and a number of others had wheels and rode them constantly. It was great sport down there, and I found that the pneumatic tire would last on the shell roads much better than even the cushion tire. I shall go again next winter and take my wheel with me."

**The Public School Anniversary.**  
The closing exercises of the city schools will take place on Friday, June 16, during the afternoon and evening.

The grades below the High School will have their closing programs at their respective buildings during the afternoon from 2 to 4, and the Commencement will be held at the Opera Hall during the evening from 8 to 10. Eight pupils of the seniors class have taken the work of the four years' course and will be granted diplomas by the school board.

The graduating exercises are not for children and should be attended principally by the parents and other grown people who may take an interest in the topics presented.

It is generally understood that the school exercises should be, as far as practicable, public, but the experiences of past years have shown that "the greatest good to the greatest number" is not reached by throwing the doors open to all. The eight hundred or more school children in the city would fill the hall, and thus prevent the good which may result from a general attendance by their parents. After a careful consideration of this question, and in order to be impartial to the people in general, the school board has decided to make the exercises at the hall free only to the pupils of the High School. The primary object in charging an admission is not to make money, but to shut out a large class who generally attend simply from idle curiosity and often prevent those who may be desirous of getting the benefits of the program from doing so.

A full statement will be rendered of the receipts, and the proceeds will go towards paying for a piano for the High School. The admission will be the same for children as for grown people, and is fixed at 25 cents.

We trust that each family will be represented and that the exercises may create a helpful sentiment and right ideas as to the real functions of the school.  
Very Truly,  
Geo. Peterson,  
Prin. of School.

**A Great Reunion of Veterans.**

The growth of the Grand Army of the Republic, since its organization in 1883, has been rapid and widespread beyond the wildest hopes of its originators. Ten states were represented in the meeting at which it was founded. To-day, twenty-seven years later, it comprises forty-five departments, seventy-five hundred posts, and nearly half a million members. Within the last few years, certainly within ten or twelve, its annual encampments have grown to enormous proportions. At the encampment held in Washington last year, it was estimated that not less than three hundred thousand people were in attendance. The veterans seem to realize that there will not be many years left them in which to fight their battles over again, and so they come together once each year in greater numbers than when the organization was younger.

This year the encampment is to be held in the west and Indianapolis has been chosen as the city. From a sentimental as well as a utilitarian point of view the choice was a fitting one. Thousands of veterans remember the Hoosier capital as a pleasant camping point going to and returning from the front. Indianapolis is the birth place of the organization as well as a convenient railroad center, with large hotel and boarding accommodations, wide streets, and in all respects well adapted as a meeting place. It is within thirty-five miles of the center of population of the United States and about the center of membership of the G. A. R. It is near Chicago and fully three-fourths of the visitors to the World's Fair can pass through it without going out of their way. With the exceptionally favorable rates that will be allowed by all railways having Indianapolis connections, the coming encampment can be attended by World's Fair visitors at a minimum cost. Seven lines of railway connect Indianapolis with Chicago and the running time between the two cities is six hours.

The arrangements for the entertainment and amusement of the veterans will be the most liberal that have ever been made. A fund of \$150,000 has been raised by the citizens of Indianapolis for expenses, and the plans are of a character that assure the old veterans the greatest encampment in the history of the Grand Army.

Indianapolis has already been systematically canvassed for boarding places. Accommodations at a moderate price are at present available for many thousands. Persons who desire to be sure of comfortable quarters are put in the way of securing them by the Citizens' Executive Board of the encampment. All who are unable to secure accommodations in hotels and boarding houses will be provided for in barracks.

**World's Fair Rooms.**  
I have several good rooms in a private family at very low prices, among which is one front parlor; first floor, 14x16, neat, clean, suitable for two, at \$5.00 per week. Meals \$4.00 per week including lunch to take to the Fair. These rooms are only one block from cable line, about 15 minutes ride to Fair and 30 minutes ride down town.

R. A. KINNEY,  
308 Royal Ins. Building,  
Chicago, Ill.

**State Park Lands.**

A despatch from Madison states that Benjamin Sweet and John O'Connor have made application to the land officers for 4,250.55 acres of school and indemnity land in Vilas and from county located in the state park, and according to the law of 1878 withdrawn from the market. They tendered \$1,630.57 in part payment as required by law, and the money being refused they deposit it in the state treasury for the purpose of paying for land they purchase from the state. Yesterday afternoon the land commissioners were served with the petition of Messrs. Sweet and O'Connor, praying the supreme court to grant a writ of mandamus to compel the commissioners of public lands to issue certificates for the land in question. The applicants claim that the legislature of 1878 had no constitutional right to withdraw the land from the market. The matter will be determined by the Supreme court. Should it be shown that the State Park lands are accessible as state lands there will be a great rush for them as the alleged park contains many valuable forties.

Ripans Taholes have come to stay.

**Warm Weather Makes Demand Summer Dress**

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THE GREAT STOMACH REGULATOR

We have Supplied from all over the market, such as . . . . .

*Sattens, Pongees, Pinglins, Sotos, Empire and Challies in all wool and half wool.*

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Summer Underwear, in all grades and prices.

A full Line of Womens Cotton white Goods

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Don't buy anything but the McClure Fine Shoe. The Best and cheapest on the market.

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## FOREIGN GOSSIP.

The Santa Catalina of the Cathedral of Genoa is an imitation emerald disk, fourteen inches wide and five deep. It was captured at Casarea by the crusaders and given to Genoa in 1801.

The tomb of Noah is supposed to lie in the small town of Nakhichevan, on the plain of Ararat. The burial place is at the side of the broken walls of an abandoned fortress in the midst of a vast plain which is literally covered with the remains of bygone glories.

A statement recently published by the authorities of Munich gives some startling information as to the increased consumption in that city of dog flesh. So great an appetite seems to have developed for that food that the authorities have thought it time to interfere for the protection of dog owners.

One of the most magnificent gifts ever given to a community by an individual is the new British gallery of art, to be built at Millbank, a London suburb, by Mr. H. Tate. This building will cost more than \$1,000,000. Even in America, the land of magnificent generosity, few gifts to the public from individuals have equaled this in greatness.—N. Y. Press.

Mr. Baden-Powell, of the Scouts guards, has devised a method of signaling at night by means of paper fire balloons, which are made to lift a string of "beads" of a quick burning composition attached to a piece of quick match, so as to spell out words on a system similar to the "dot and dash," or Morse plan. The balloon is inflated by hot air, and the "message" string is attached. The portability of the apparatus is an important feature.

Rosa Bonheur disapproves of the feminine attendance at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts on the ground that the young men students are too badly brought up and too vulgar to permit of young ladies associating with them. "Had we American manners," she says, "and was there but a little more respect for women here, the state might create mixed schools, but with the character of the male student of the day it is wrong to think of it."—N. Y. Sun.

In China there is a profession for ladies, strange, because openly and handsomely remunerated in the current coin of the realm. It is carried on by elderly ladies, who go from house to house of rich people announcing their coming by beating a drum and offering their services to amuse the lady of the house. This offer accepted, they sit down and tell the latest scandal and the newest stories and on dits, and are rewarded at the rate of half-a-crown an hour, besides a handsome present should some portion of their gossip have proved particularly acceptable.

Sir John Gilbert, B. A. has at last solved the mystery of the words "not for sale," which have been affixed as labels for now many seasons on his water-color pictures in the gallery in which he is president. He has been saving them to present to London, Liverpool, of which city he is the honorary president of the local acquirers, Manchester, and perhaps Birmingham; and his oil pictures, or such as he has reserved without prohibitory labels from the Royal academy and the long since defunct British institution, likewise form a part of his gifts.—N. Y. Tribune.

A bill for the construction of a canal from the Gironde to the Mediterranean has been under consideration in the French chamber of deputies. The proposed canal will be about 328 miles long and 143 feet wide, except at points where vessels can pass each other, where its width will be over 300 feet. The depth will be 27½ feet, and there will be twenty-two double locks. A concession of ninety-nine years is asked by a company prepared to carry out the scheme, and a state guarantee of two per cent. interest. The military advantage would be to afford a safe passage to French ships in time of war between the Atlantic and the Mediterranean.

## ISLANDS OF FACT AND FANCY.

Interesting Points Concerning the "Land of Desolation" of Capt. Cook.

The islands of Kerguelen, of which France has recently taken possession, were well named by Cook the "Land of Desolation." Their history, however, is not without interest—they were the cause of the rise and fall of a young French admiral of the last century; their rocky coasts appear in two recent French novels, and there still cruises around them the last of the American whalers which were once seen so often in the south seas. No one seems to know the Yankee captain well, though few south-sea navigators have not seen him.

In 1772 the Chevalier de Kerguelen, admiral in the French fleet, discovered these islands. As the exploring parties sent short distances into the interior of the largest island did not reach the farther coasts, the Kerguelen became convinced that he had discovered the great southern continent which geographers had written much. He hastened back to France and petitioned the king so earnestly to take possession of the new land that an expedition was fitted out for that purpose and placed under De Kerguelen's command. The land was soon found to be only a group of volcanic islands, and the admiral was forced to return to Paris and to acknowledge his mistake. The admiral, stung by the ridicule of the people, called a court-martial, which decided that De Kerguelen, who was then scarcely thirty years old, must lose his rank and be imprisoned indefinitely in the castle of Baume. He was soon released, but never served again in the navy. M. de Tineau recently introduced De Kerguelen as a character in a novel.

Four years ago the sailors of the bark Tamaris were cast upon one of the Kerguelen islands. A sailor fastened to the wing of an albatross a tube containing a roll of paper, on which was written the story of the shipwreck. The bird was released, and, strange to say, was caught by the mate of a vessel cruising in the neighborhood. An expedition which was sent in search of

the crew of the Tamaris, by following the directions on the roll of paper, had no difficulty in finding the caves which the sailors had occupied. There were many traces of the castaways, but the men themselves had patched up a rude boat and sailed off. Since then nothing has been heard of them. These incidents were worked over and used as the foundation of another novel, published in 1790, called "Le Fond d'un Cœur." In this story there also figured an American captain, Joseph Fuller, who commanded the bark Franeys Allyn. Fuller is, in fact, in command of an old-fashioned American whaler. He knows the straits of the islands as though they were a book and his ship goes where no other dare follow and is seldom seen twice at the same anchorage. An officer of the expedition which has taken possession of the islands wrote to illustrate that he had seen this Joseph Fuller. A vessel sailed one night into the harbor opposite the shore where the Frenchmen were encamped, much to the latter's surprise. The officer continues as follows:

"This morning the bark hoisted the American flag. On her stern was the name Franeys Allyn. Her captain's name is Joseph Fuller. It was not one of the least of my surprises in this strange place to see in flesh and blood a character of a novel. Fuller bears no trace of the classic type of the 'sea dog.' He is tall and thin, his face is surrounded by a handsome white beard, and his open, laughing eyes are hidden behind a pair of spectacles. He looks more like a professor of a German university than a hardy sailor who has lived for thirty years in these dangerous passages."

The Kerguelen islands lie half way between the cape of Good Hope and Australia and south of the route usually taken by vessels. They were visited by Cook in 1770, and later by Ross. Rochester Post-Dispatch.

## PADEREWSKI AND LISZT.

Poland Is To-Day Pre-eminently the Land of Great Pianists.

The question of nationality plays a curious role in the history of pianoforte playing. For a long time most of the great pianoforte composers and players—the Bachs, Mozarts, Beethovens, Webers, Schuberts, Mendelssohns, Schumanns—were Germans. But with Schumann the list of Germans great in this department practically came to an end (unless we except Bulow and Brahms), and the field was left open for Slavic and Hungarian competitors. Russia gave us Rubinstein and Paderewski; Hungary, Liszt and Josophy; Scotland, D'Albert; but the land pre-eminently for pianists is Poland. Chopin was a Pole, and so was the brilliant young Tansig, who, had he not died at the age of thirty, would, in the opinion of his pupil, Mr. Josophy, and many others, have surpassed even his master, Liszt. Rubinstein, too, was half a Pole by descent. Little Josef Hoffman is Pole, and now, to cap the climax, Mr. Paderewski has appeared; so that, musically speaking, at any rate, it is safe to say: "Noch ist Polen nicht verloren."

Poland will some day honor Paderewski as it now honors Chopin; but in order to win the great fame and wealth which have fallen to his lot at the early age of thirty-two, he was of course obliged, like Chopin, to leave his native country and seek the great musical centers of the world. Three years ago he played in London to a fifty-dollar audience. To-day he often makes five thousand dollars in two hours, with seven thousand dollars for the high-water mark. This profitability of his art is a phenomenon worth mentioning, because he never resorts to clap-trap, trickiness or sensationalism in order to win success and applause. In this respect he is superior to Liszt, who, in his early period, did sometimes resort to sensationalism, which, however, was less a sign of immature taste than the wild exuberance of technical mastery bent on a frolic, and, therefore, not to be judged more severely than young Mozart's feat of playing on a piano the keys of which were covered with a cloth. The conditions in those days were not the same as at present. How eager the world was for Liszt's show pieces may be inferred from the fact that when, in the pressure of concert-giving and traveling, he sometimes kept his operatic arrangements in his head a few months before writing them down, the publishers pursued him from town to town urging him to put them into shape for the printer.—Chicago Journal.

## Not a Wheel More in Algiers.

Among the strangest peculiarities of Tangier, Morocco and one that at once ferus itself on the newcomer is the total absence of any kind of wheeled vehicle. In the entire city—which is an example of all the others in the empire—there is not even a donkey cart, for the streets are much too narrow to permit of their use and transportation of passengers and merchandise is effected upon the backs of donkeys, horses, mules and camels according to the weight and distance. There are but few streets into which a loaded camel could enter and not more than three in which he could pass another loaded camel or horse. Some of the smaller streets are so narrow that even the panniers of a donkey would scrape upon either side, so that in the city itself the transportation devolves upon donkeys for the side streets and upon horses and mules for the main thoroughfares.—Scribner's.

There are still on the rolls twenty widows and two daughters of the revolution, the last two survivors of that war having died in 1809, aged respectively 105 and 109. There are 165 survivors and 6,665 widows of the war of 1812 and 13,215 survivors and 7,283 widows of the Mexican war. This leaves 887,562 survivors and 158,893 dependent relatives of the war of the rebellion, with 426,393 claimants for pensions for this and earlier wars on the list for consideration at the date of the last report, October 12, 1892, besides 361,663 claimants for increase of pensions.

## REYNARD A GOOD PROVIDER.

Bre' Fox an Affectionate Husband and Father, and a Hustler Headed.

"There isn't a more provident or attentive husband and father in the four-footed kingdom," said a Pennsylvania man, "than the fox. When his wife becomes a mother in the spring Mr. Fox is a hustler to be admired. He won't bother with such small game as mice and frogs then, but he goes for hens and geese and turkeys, and he keeps Mother Fox's larder in the rocks chuck full of good things. The old gal wants for nothing while raising her litter. Her husband lugs in the food at night and in the daytime he helps take care of the children. The dearest thing I know of a male fox is that he won't touch a hen pheasant when she is raising her brood. His children are young when the first crop of pheasants is hatched, and there is a sympathetic feeling in Father Fox toward all wild creatures that are working hard to raise families. He will gaze admiringly at a brood of young quail or woodcock, but he won't offer to harm them while they are in the keeping of their parents. When the young birds get their growth, though, the fox hasn't such a friendly feeling for them, partly, I suppose, because his own children are then old enough to care for themselves."

"One spring a pair of foxes had a litter in a lodge on my place, and every night the male stole our poultry. We couldn't catch him at it, but we knew where the poultry went to. When the young ones were a month old their father would sit in the field at the foot of the rocks till everything was still. Then he would bark and his wife would bring the children out and exercise them for an hour, or until something alarmed the male, when the whole family would scamper back. Our dog, who had made several unsuccessful efforts to outwit the male fox, was a cote fellow. He learned the habit the fox family had of coming out in the moonlight, and one night he nabbed the he one and killed him. The next night the widow fox moved her five children across the valley to a farm two miles from mine, where she made her home in a woodchuck's hole. In a day or so she came out in a field and started to teach her young ones to catch mice. The farmer wanted a young fox to tame, so he sent his pointer dog into the field, telling him to catch a small one, but not to hurt it. The dog caught one before the old fox saw him, and held it to the ground with his paws till the man came and got it, but the old fox drove the others into the hole, ran back and licked the dog, and then dived into the burrow. She moved again in the night, this time to the next farm, where the dogs stole two of her little ones the next day. Then she returned to my place, and inside of a week our dog killed one of the remaining pair. She was bound to raise one, I guess, for when she moved again she went so far away that we never got another glimpse of her."—N. Y. Sun.

## WOMEN OF A LITERARY TURN.

Blue Stockings of the Past Contrasted With the Writers of To-Day.

A hundred years ago a woman who wrote for the press was looked upon as a remarkable individual. Popular opinion pointed her as a sour, stern oddity, with blue spectacles over absent-minded eyes and dancing cork-screw curls about a face as wrinkled as an English walnut. There was nothing lovable in her whole make-up. No touch of feminine tenderness leavened the hard, stiff mass of intellectuality; no soft breath from love's passing wing lifted a curl on the stern forehead. At least there are no traces of such frailties in the types handed down by a dead generation. Of course she was a bad housekeeper. Any woman who did such an unmannerly thing as to appear in print couldn't know anything of a wife's or mother's domestic virtues. Then her hands were supposed to be perpetually covered with ink stains, for the reign of the festive typewriter had not yet begun. And she wore a pink dress, a blue hood and a green shawl to keep up her character. Of course she couldn't have any feminine taste in dress.

Whether these pictures of literary women in the past were in a prejudiced vein and exaggerated, or not, it can be truthfully stated that many of the present stars in the literary firmament are as well known for their domestic talents and charming personality as they are for their graceful and bewitching writings. Examine closely and you will find most of them fine housekeepers—cooks as well. They dress as well if not better than any other class of women; they keep abreast of the times, are pleasant in conversation, and not a few are famed for personal beauty. Blue spectacles and cork-screw curls have vanished in shadows, and we see instead a dainty form in a tea gown of soft, shimmering silk, whose clinging folds show the pretty figure to perfection—the form of one whose pen commands attention from thousands, whose home is the well-kept shrine of happiness and love. Because a woman can write "Odes to Spring" is no reason she is going to neglect to curl her bangs or to make the dressmaker fit the basque right in the back. One can easily describe a hero dying in his sweetheart's arms, and then descend to see if the cook has mixed the buck-wheat batter for the morning—at least, with a little practice. There is no reason why the science of a well-kept table should not trip hand in hand with the "Descent of Man" or St. Thomas Aquinas' philosophy. You never see a man so absorbed in Kant that he forgets to grumble if his steak is tough or his soup cold. Mind and matter are married by law that recognizes no divorce. In the women writers of to-day one finds that admirable blending which gives tenderness to a strong intellectuality and smooths the sharp corners of study into the soft curves of homely duties.—N. Y. Advertiser.

## A Matter of Health

It costs more to make Royal Baking Powder than any other, because its ingredients are more highly refined and expensive. But the Royal is correspondingly purer and higher in leavening strength, and of greater money value to the consumer. The difference in cost of Royal over the best of the others does not equal the difference in leavening strength, nor make good the inferior work of the cheaper powders, nor remove the impurities which such powders leave in the food.

Where the finest food is required, the Royal Baking Powder only can be used.

Where the question of health is considered, no baking powder but Royal can be used with safety. All others are shown by official analyses to contain lime, ammonia or alum.

## NOTED IN ENGLAND.

ENGLAND pays \$3.50 for a box of California oranges.

NEARLY 1,000 children are born yearly in London workhouses.

In England no town is technically a city unless it is the seat of a bishop's see.

THERE are 200,000 light-weight English shillings in circulation. They were made in Germany.

THE largest and heaviest building stone ever quarried in England was taken from the Plankington bed, near Norwich, in February, 1889. It was in one piece, without crack or flaw, and weighed over thirty-five tons.

## LITTLE PELLETS.

To see stars is sometimes synonymous with rapid vision.—Lowell Courier.

THE vain man knows it all, but people would rather die ignorant than hear him tell it.—Atlanta Constitution.

BOARDER—"Look here, I haven't eaten anything for a week back." Landlady—"Ah, well, you might try a porous plaster."—Inter Ocean.

"The bride's father gave her away, did he not?" "More than that. He threw in one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to boot."—Indianapolis Journal.

## Wide Awake for June

is a brilliant and beautiful summer number. It opens with a quaint and delightful Shakespearian pastoral, "Will O' Stratford," by Anna Robinson Brown, charmingly illustrated by Cox. Kate Rohrer Cain's illustrated poem, "The Men in Lincoln Green," is almost a pendant to this English idyl. Marietta Ambrosi tells how Spanish children play at bull-fighting; Susan Coolidge has a stirring poem of the Danish hero-myth, "Holger Danske"; Elton Craig has a marvel-story, "The Wizard's Palace"; Louise Coffin Jones gives a timely sketch of her thrilling experiences as a "Schoolmarm in Hawaii"; Captain Julius A. Palmer gives in "Wide Awake Athletics" certain valuable "Hints for Yachtsmen"; Oscar Fay Adams contributes as the first of his illustrated series on "Our English Homes," a paper on Worcester; Richmond O. North has advice for boy tourists, who are "Going to Europe." The serial stories by W. O. Stoddard and Theodora R. Jenness are striking and absorbing.

Price 20 cents a number, \$2.40 a year. On sale at news stands or sent post-paid, on receipt of price, by D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

"So your sister thought my sermon was too short?" Georgia—"Yes, she said, don't believe half the girls in the church saw her new dress."—Inter Ocean.

RAIN has no respect for the baseball player. It falls upon the just and the unjust, and also upon the umpire.—Pittsburg.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

It is a sign that the trees have come to stay another season as soon as they begin to leave.—Rochester Democrat.

It is a silly fly that goes a wool gathering on the bald head.—Galveston News.

IT'S RATHER TOO MUCH FOR YOU—the ordinary, bulky pill. Too big to take, and too much disturbance for your poor system. The smallest, easiest to take, and best are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They leave out all the disturbance, but yet do you more good. Their help lies in Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious, Astringent, Sick or Bileous Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and permanently cured. They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

If you're suffering from Catarrh, the proprietors of Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy ask you to try their medicine. Then, if you can't be cured, they'll pay you \$500 in cash.

## RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Imitations, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Cleans, Durable, and the consumer pays for no oil or grease package with every purchase.



## DR. SOLOMON'S BITTERS

THE GREAT STOMACH REGULATOR AND BLOOD PURIFIER. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Kidneys, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, etc. The Best Blood Purifier in the World. Try it. Send for 12c. jars. \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists. SIGLER MANF'G CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

All Homes Need Home Nails all sizes, a carton of Home Tacks all sizes. All Dealers Sell for all home uses.

HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING SHADE-ROLLERS. Beware of Imitations. NOTICE AUTOMATIC OF SHADERS. THE GENUINE HARTSHORN.

## Garfield Tea

Cures Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 215 W. 44th St., N.Y.

## FAT FOLKS REDUCED

From 10 to 25 lbs. in a month. No medicine. No dieting. No starving. Thousands cured. Send for stamped circular. O. W. F. SHYER, 120 N. Dearb. St., McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

## BORE WELLS BEST MACHINERY

and TOOLS in the world. Reliable work assured. Catalogue Free. BORE WELLS & NYMAN, TROY, N.Y. SEND THIS PAPER every time you write.

## PISSO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Pissio's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not hard to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

A. N. K.—G. 1451.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

## "J.T." PLUG TOBACCO

—IS A— Pleasant and Lasting Chew! TRY IT.

Have you heard that there is to be a World's Fair in Chicago. Of course you have and you know all about it, but do you know all about The World's Inn?

If you don't know all about The World's Inn, you should send for our Pamphlet, which will tell you where we are, what we are, and why you should stay with us. You can get all of this information for nothing by sending a postal card asking for it, to

Chas. E. Leland, MANAGER WORLD'S INN, 60th Street and Madison Avenue, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

## THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

## SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

# Lewis Hardware Co., RHINELANDER

..... ACORN STOVES AND RANGES. ....

..... THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILL AND LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES IN THE CITY. ....

A Complete Assortment of Belting, Packing and Lacing, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Etc.

## T. A. CHAPMAN CO.

### SPRING

Choice novelties in Fancy Dress Goods arriving every day. Immense variety, "small quantities of each style," offers unequal opportunity to secure Handsome Dress Patterns at less than New York Prices. We Import our own novelties.

### WASH DRESS GOODS

Scotch Ginghams, French Ginghams, Novelty Ginghams, Printed Mulls, Printed Dimities, Fancy Crepes, Fancy Zephyr, Bangaline Ginghams, Spot Muslin, Printed Linens, Linen Lawn, Cheviots, all styles of Satines

### PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.

We open the Spring Season with an immense variety of Dress Silks, including Fancy Taffetas, Petit Mignone, Petit de Soie, Louisines, Epingles, Fancy Crystals, Fancy Ondine, Plaid Surahs, Taffetas Satines, Etc., Roman Stripes, Persian effects and a great many other weaves. We have also a large line of Plain Weaves and a fine assortment of Wash Silks. We would call attention to the Saffin Luxor, the latest weave out.

SEND FOR SAMPLES.

T. A. CHAPMAN CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

## Globe Barber Shop and Bath Room

CHAS. NAYLOR, Proprietor.

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, etc., done in first-class order, as soon but the best of workmen are employed. A hot or cold water bath can be secured at a very reasonable price, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call and be convinced.

DAVENPORT STREET. RHINELANDER, WIS.

## The Giant Sleigh Mfg Co.

—Manufacturers of—

## Wagons and Sleighs

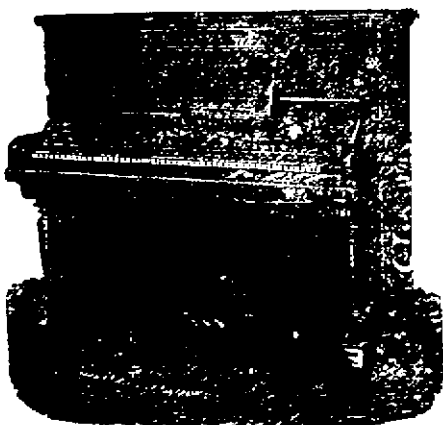
### General Blacksmithing

Repairing Done on Short Notice.

## W. S. JEWELL, -

--- SOLE AGENT.

Hallet &  
Davis,  
Arion &  
Hale  
Pianos.



Kimball  
New  
Scale  
Pianos,  
Organs.

Kimball and Great Western Organs - - - The Finest Made.

As a FIRST-CLASS Piano

The Hallet & Davis has yet to find a Superior.

For Catalogues and Prices Call on or Address

W. S. JEWELL, Agent,

Rhineland, Wisconsin.

June Time Is Here.

Lay out there and try to see how busy you can get. Tumble round and round per bend in the clover bloom, or pull the straw hat across your eyes. And peek through it at the skies. Thinkin' of old times 'at's dead. May be smilin' back at you in bewitch the beautiful clouds of gold and white and blue—Month, a man can really love—June, you know, I'm talkin' of. —JAMES MURKIN'S TALK.

Currents 6c per pound at Langdon's.

Martin & Berry keep all kinds of grass seed.

Best white rice 7c per pound at Langdon's.

Frank Robbins spent Sunday in town with his family.

Peppers, mustard, allspice, ginger 20c per pound at Langdon's.

An experienced nurse can be secured by inquiring at Tella Bertrand's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Blackburn, of Choate, Mich., visited relatives here over Sunday.

John Landers and Harry Foster were up from Merrill Monday looking after their logs.

Good 16 inch shalwood delivered to any part of the city by Sam Moore. Leaves orders at Crane, Fenelon & Co.'s.

E. O. Brown was at Chicago Saturday. Mrs. Brown, who has been there for a few weeks, returned with him.

W. G. Maxwell, of Benton Waldo & Co., of Milwaukee, was in town Tuesday interviewing the moulders of public opinion.

Wausau Torch John G. Lang, of Rhineland, formerly of Marathon City, in this county, was in town last Monday and made this office a friendly call. He is in the mercantile line.

Frank Parker and wife returned from the Pacific coast Friday. They will remain here some time. Frank has finished his railroad work in Washington and will not be busy until some new construction is begun. He says that times out on the sound are dull and close, and that there are three men for every job.

The county officers will soon begin work on the transcripts of the records in their offices for the new counties of Iron and Vilas. It will be a big job and will take a large force of men several weeks to complete it. The register of deeds, clerk and treasurer have the greatest amount of work and they will all make a snug sum by the job. The bill has to be paid by the county getting the transcript.

The work of securing a uniform grade in all mill yards of the Wisconsin Valley is progressing well. The committee has visited the yards at Wausau, Merrill and Tomahawk. The committee has also secured Mr. Hosser, formerly with the Illinois & Wisconsin Lumber Company, of Merrill, as an inspector, and a second inspector will probably be employed soon to assist in the work. All the Merrill, Tomahawk and Rhineland mills have come into the agreement and the total product now represented is over 425,000,000, and it is expected that the amount will reach 600,000,000 feet before the committee has finished envenishing.

Dr. M. J. Davis is a prominent physician of Lewis, Cass County, Ia., and has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine at that place for the past thirty-five years. On the 26th of May, while in Des Moines, en route to Chicago, he was suddenly taken with an attack of diarrhoea. Having sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for the past seventeen years, and knowing its reliability, he procured a 25 cent bottle, two doses of which completely cured him. The excitement and change of water and diet incident to traveling, often produce a diarrhoea. Every one should procure a bottle of this Remedy before leaving home. For sale by the Palace Drug Store.

Warren, Country, board for a family of five during the months of July and August. Desires comfortable beds and plain, but good table; must be in very quiet place, where there are no other boarders, and where there is plenty of breathing, fishing and driving. No hotel need apply. Four rooms required. Address with full particulars, price and references, 2924 Lake Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Martin & Berry keep all kinds of grass seed.

Special sale this week of 10 per cent. discount at the Oneida Clothing House, two doors west First National Bank.

Rolls out 4c per pound at Langdon's.

Martin & Berry keep all kinds of grass seed.

Tony Wright was down from Eagle Tuesday morning.

The sewer notice of property assessments is published in this issue.

Attorney Coyne, of Eagle River, visited his friends Dillett & Walker Monday.

Mrs. S. Bishop, of Whitewater, Wis., is visiting her son G. W., here this week.

George O'Connor, of Eagle, has been in town this week visiting his brother Henry.

The bicycle riders were out in full force Sunday. They made a run out to the second Lake Creek bridge.

Hammocks of every grade and every size, at prices to suit the purse of anybody at The Palace Drug Store.

"Sidetracked" the comedy success which pleased patrons of the Grand here last season will be here again June 17.

Attorney Jones was up from Wausau Tuesday attending to some matters pertaining to the O'Connor estate.

The Eagle River ball team drove across the country to Minocqua Sunday but did not play on account of the rain.

The board of Normal school regents will be here—not during the present week as was anticipated, but later in the month.

If you know of a sewer contractor who would be likely to want the Rhineland job, send him a copy of the notice asking for bids.

Some members of the Eagle River ball team, including Diamond, Colman and Coyne, were here Saturday on their way to Minocqua where they intended to play.

Charlie Naylor left for Wausau Tuesday, where he is wanted as a witness in the Mead murder trial. He was in the barber business there at the time of the killing.

W. G. Boorman, of the Lumber Trade Journal, was in the city Tuesday looking over the local mills and talking shop to everyone he ran across who was in the lumber business.

Doctor Daniels returned from Chicago Saturday. He has nearly recovered from the effects of the rumored stroke of paralysis which prostrated him week before last. It was nothing more than a clot of blood which lodged on the brain and temporarily caused paralysis. There are no serious or lasting effects expected from it.

Are you insured? If not, now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as an insurance against any serious results from an attack of bowel complaint during the summer months. It is almost certain to be needed and should be procured at once. No other remedy can take its place or do its work. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by the Palace Drug Store.

It is an error to suppose that drunkenness, morphine and tobacco habit cannot be cured. The Double Chloride of Gold is known to be a positive antidote for these habits, or rather diseases, and the wonderful cures effected through its agency have given the remedy a national reputation. Unhappily, the "Gold Treatment" was only given at expensive sanitariums, but at the present time it can be had of any first-class druggist. Hill's Chloride of Gold Tablets are guaranteed to cure any case of drunkenness, morphine or tobacco habit, and no effort whatever is required from the person taking them. The use of tobacco, liquor or the drug is permitted until such time as they are voluntarily given up. These Tablets may also be given without the knowledge of the patient, and a permanent cure is sure to follow their use. The price of the Tablets—\$1.00—certainly places them within the reach of all. If your druggist does not keep them write for full particulars to the Ohio Chemical Co., Lima, Ohio.

Special sale this week of 10 per cent. discount at the Oneida Clothing House, two doors west First National Bank.

## E. G. SQUIER

—DEALER IN—

### Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Etc.,

Repairing and Engraving Neatly Done.

Carry a full stock of the best make of watches in the best gold and silver cases at very low prices.

Store in Fauvett's Block.

Rhineland, Wisconsin

## F. C. HENRICI, MERCHANT \* TAILOR \*

Best Fitting Suits and the Best Goods for the Lowest Prices, that can be found in Rhineland. All Work Warranted. Shop opposite the Giant Sleigh Manufacturing Co.'s Factory, Rhineland, Wis.

## Central Market, STEVENS ST.

JAS. GLEASON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in:

### MEATS, PROVISIONS, FISH AND GAME.

Our customers can rely upon securing good fresh meat, fair treatment and low prices as it can be sold for. We solicit a share of the city trade. Market next to C. O. D. Store. RHINELANDER, WIS.



Harrigan Bros. & Co. have secured the exclusive sale of this noted Flour where it can be had at prices no greater than those charged for inferior grades. The highest awards have been given Gold Medal Flour manufactured by the Washburn-Crosby Co. Sold by Harrigan Bros & Co., W. S. Jewell, Martin & Co., T. Solberg, Holmes & Huseu, Rhineland, Wis....



## JOHNSON & COMPANY,

Have the Largest, Best and Most Thoroughly Complete Stock of

### Lumbermen's • Clothing

In the city, which will be sold at prices as low as any dealer's.

## RHINELANDER, WIS.

Wm. SHUMANN,

—Proprietor of—

### Union Market.

Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats at Reasonable Prices. Manufacturers of

SHUMANN'S

### FAMOUS • SAUSAGES.

The Best in the City. Try It.

Mason St., Rhineland.

### LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLE.

The Best of Carriages and Horses on hand day or night. Careful drivers furnished when desired. Moderate Charges. Give us a call.

W. D. JOSLIN & CO.

J. Weisen's

### Provision Depot!

Is always stocked with reasonable goods. The finest butter, eggs and everything usual found in a provision store. Potatoes at wholesale or retail. Give us a call. Brown street.

### Don't Forget the Place

F. A. HILDEBRAND,

### FURNITURE.

My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.

An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.

RHINELANDER, - WIS.



# THE NEW NORTH.

Published Thursday of each week by  
The Rhinelander Printing Company.  
620, W. KUHOP. WM. C. OGDEN.

Subscription price, in advance.....\$1.00  
If not paid in advance.....\$1.50  
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Address all communications to  
THE RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.  
Rhinelander, Wis.

## LOCAL TIME TABLE.

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN.  
NORTH BOUND

No. 1—Limited.....4:15 P. M.  
No. 13—Accommodation arrives.....12:40 P. M.  
No. 15—Accommodation arrives.....3:00 P. M.  
No. 17—Accommodation departs.....1:00 P. M.  
SOUTH BOUND.  
No. 16—Accommodation.....1:00 P. M.  
No. 14—Accommodation arrives.....10:25 A. M.  
No. 4—Limited.....11:45 P. M.  
No. 18—Accommodation arrives.....1:00 P. M.  
H. C. BRÄGER, AGENT

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

## TRAINS EAST.

No. 8—Departs.....1:22 A. M.  
No. 54—Departs.....6:25 P. M.

## TRAINS WEST

No. 7—Departs.....1:15 A. M.  
No. 53—Departs.....6:20 P. M.

Trains 7 and 8 daily.  
All trains make close connections at Bradley  
for Tomahawk and at Cameron Junction for  
Duluth, West Superior and points north and  
south on C. St. P. & S. Ry.  
C. M. CHAMBERS, Agt.

## CHURCHES & SOCIETIES.

Congregational Church.  
SERVICES every Sunday at 10:45 A. M., 8:00  
Service at 7:30 P. M. and regular service at 8:30  
Sabbath school immediately after morning ser-  
vice.  
Rev. FATHER JURY, Pastor.

Catholic Church.  
SERVICES every Sunday; Mass services at  
10:30 A. M.; Sunday school every Sunday at  
8:20 P. M.; Vespers every alternate Sunday at  
7 P. M.  
Rev. FATHER JURY, Pastor.

Methodist Church.  
Services every Sunday at 10:30 A. M., Song Ser-  
vice at 7:30 P. M. and regular service at 8:00 P. M.  
Sabbath school at 11:45 A. M. after morning ser-  
vice.  
Rev. D. C. SAVAGE, Pastor.

## PROFESSIONAL.

MILLER & McCORMICK,  
Attorneys-at-Law,  
Collections shrewdly looked after.  
Office over First National Bank.

L. J. BILLINGS,  
Attorney & Counselor  
RHINELANDER, WIS.

ALBAN & BARNES,  
Attorneys-at-Law,  
RHINELANDER, WIS.  
Collections promptly attended to.  
Town and county orders bought.

PAUL BROWNE,  
Attorney-at-Law,  
RHINELANDER, WIS.  
Collections & Specialist.

DILLETT & WALKER,  
Attorneys-at-Law,  
Office over First National Bank,  
RHINELANDER, WIS.

A. W. SHELTON  
Attorney-at-Law,  
Special attention paid to homestead  
law and contests.  
RHINELANDER, WIS.

KEITH  
Physician & Surgeon  
Office in Brown's Block.  
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

T. B. MCINDOE,  
Physician & Surgeon  
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.  
Office in Gray's block.

F. L. HINMAN,  
Physician & Surgeon  
Office in Anderle & Hinman's Drug Store.  
Night calls from residence N. W. Corner Court  
House Square.  
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

FIRST NATIONAL  
Bank of Rhinelander.  
Rhinelander, Wisconsin  
DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.  
Best Protection for Funds.

D. CONOVER, L. F. PORTER, H. P. PADLEY  
Conover, Porter & Padley,  
ARCHITECTS.  
Pioneer block, Knight block,  
Madison, Wis. Ashland, Wis.

H. LEWIS,  
Wine, Liquor and Cigar  
MERCHANT.  
Stollman Block, Rhinelander, Wis.

My goods are the very best, and I can supply  
customers at Chicago and Louisville wholesale  
prices.  
Fine California Wines & Specialty.  
Give me a call and sample goods and prices

Stainless raisins 8c per pound at  
Langdon's.

Martin & Berry keep all kinds of  
grass seed.

New Orleans molasses 40c per gallon  
at Langdon's.

John Hess has gone to Virginia,  
Minn., for a few days.

F. C. Ulrich is visiting with his par-  
ents at Winneconne.

A. W. Brown was at Milwaukee on a  
business trip yesterday.

California apricots and pears, in 3-  
pound cans, 23c at Langdon's.

A four-room house and lot for sale.  
Inquire of O. NELSON, Tailor.

J. O. Thayer was in the city yester-  
day on business for the Lake Shore  
Company.

"Q. P." soap is the greatest thing  
you ever saw in the soapline. Lang-  
don sells it.

Charley Woodard spent the Sab-  
bath at home, returning to Woodboro  
Monday morning.

Train Master Ed. Quhan was in the  
city Tuesday looking over the  
Lake Shore yards.

Thos. Owen was down from Mc-  
Naughton for an over-Sunday visit  
with his family.

H. S. Sikes left Monday for a two  
weeks' visit to the World's Fair. He  
will be joined there by Mrs. Sikes.

Travelers on the Soo should note  
the change of time. It appears in the  
printed time table, in another column.

Take your prescriptions to The Pal-  
ace Drug Store for compounding. A  
careful and competent druggist al-  
ways in attendance.

Ed. Dimick and Charley Miles put  
in the week at the World's Fair.  
They also attended the Grand Lodge  
of Odd Fellows while away.

Vane Jones was down to Milwan-  
kee Monday and received his check  
for full pay and all expenses during  
the time he has been laid up from ac-  
cident while in service of the road.

The Waupaca Post will get out a  
daily issue during the great Mead  
murder trial, which begins this week.  
It is expected that the trial will last  
five or six weeks.

Mrs. B. T. Plugh is agent for the  
Christy knives, the greatest combina-  
tion for a housewife that has ever  
been placed on the market. You  
should see one. If you do you will  
buy. Drop her a postal and she will  
call.

Barnum, of the Wausau Torch, has  
been trying to learn to ride a bicycle.  
He says that Phoebe is on hand at  
the end of every run, and as she  
hands him the arnica bottle she al-  
ways remarks that there is no fool  
like an old one.

The Border Dramatic Company  
presenting a series of border dramas,  
will be at the Grand Saturday, Mon-  
day and Tuesday evenings. The  
company travel in their own car,  
carry a fine band and orchestra and  
are said to give a fine line of per-  
formances.

Fifty cents is a small doctor bill,  
but that is all it will cost you to cure  
any ordinary case of rheumatism if  
you use Chamberlain's Pain Balm.  
Try it and you will be surprised at  
the prompt relief it affords. The first  
application will quiet the pain. Fifty  
cent bottles for sale by the Palace  
Drug Store.

Special sale this  
week of 10 per cent.  
discount at the Oneida  
Clothing House, two  
doors west First Na-  
tional Bank.

## Town Board Proceedings.

May 21, 1893, 7:30 P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.  
W. H. Brown in the chair.  
Roll call, W. H. Brown and S. G.  
Tuttle, present, W. L. Beers, absent.  
Minutes of previous meeting read  
and approved. Committee appointed  
to investigate and report on petition  
of John Danielson and others reported  
unfavorably. On motion the follow-  
ing applications for liquor license  
were accepted: R. Wesley, L. Thurston.

On motion action sewer ordi-  
nance passed by the board at a  
regular meeting held on May 9, 1893,  
was postponed until next meeting.

Moved and seconded that action on  
bids for Waukena road be postponed  
until next meeting. Motion prevailed.

On motion the following bills were  
allowed and chairman and clerk in-  
structed to draw orders for same:

No.	To	Fund	Am't.	For.
101	Wm. Schaeffer	Road	\$16.00	
102	Henry Gungel		25.87	
103	H. H. West & Co., general		2.00	
104	Frank Keenan		12.00	
105	E. H. Spooner, painter		2.50	A Noggie

On motion bill of Fred Hock was  
disallowed. On motion board ad-  
journed until May 31, 1893, at 7:30 P. M.

The following resolution was read  
and on motion adopted:

Resolved, that sidewalks be built  
by the town of Pelican, in the Village  
of Rhinelander, in said town as fol-  
lows: On the east side of Alban street  
from its intersection with Thayer  
street, south to the intersection of  
High street, said sidewalk to be eight  
feet wide; also commencing at the  
southeast corner of block sixteen (16)  
of the Second Addition to the Village  
of Rhinelander; thence running east  
to the southeast corner of block  
seventeen (17) in said addition; also  
commencing at the southwest corner  
of block seventeen, thence running  
north on the east side of Baird Ave.  
to the northwest corner of Lot 10 in  
said block 17, said last described  
walks to be 6 feet wide.

And that the overseer of highways  
of the town of Pelican be and he is  
hereby authorized and instructed to  
build the sidewalks as aforesaid with  
3 No. 4x4 stringers. All walks to be  
built of No. 1 sound plank, S. L. S.,  
nailed with 20d spikes, and well and  
substantially built. And for the pur-  
pose of building the aforesaid side-  
walks, there is hereby levied upon  
each lot, tract and parcel of land  
fronting or abutting on the said por-  
tion and side of each of said streets  
to be so improved and upon the  
owner thereof the following tax to-  
wit:

S. H. Alban's First Addition to the  
Village of Rhinelander.

Length	Width	Tax
2 9	68.7 ft	\$19.41
1 9	137.4	38.91
16 9	68.7	19.41
17 9	68.7	19.41
18 9	137.5	38.91
14 10	68.7	19.41
15 10	68.7	19.41
16 10	108	30.60

Second Addition to Village of Rhine-  
lander.

Length	Width	Tax
7 17	270 ft	\$53.57
6 17	170	39.57
8 17	60	14.00
9 17	60	14.00
10 17	60	14.00

S. G. TUTTLE.

On motion board adjourned until  
May 27, 1893, at 7:30 P. M.

WM. CARR, Town Clerk.

May 27, 1893, 7:30 P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.  
All members present. Min-  
utes of previous meeting read and  
approved. On motion petition of E.  
W. Cady and others to prevent cattle  
running at large was refused.

Moved and seconded that the board  
proceed to open bids for Waukena  
road. Motion prevailed.

Moved and seconded that the bid  
of B. F. Smith to build the Waukena  
road for \$384.00 be accepted and  
chairman and clerk be instructed to  
enter into contract with said Smith.  
Motion prevailed.

On motion the following bills were  
allowed and chairman and clerk in-  
structed to draw orders for same:

No.	To	Fund	Am't.	For.
101	Wm. Schaeffer	Road	\$16.00	
102	Henry Gungel		25.87	
103	H. H. West & Co., general		2.00	
104	Frank Keenan		12.00	
105	E. H. Spooner, painter		2.50	A Noggie

On motion bill of Fred Hock was  
disallowed. On motion board ad-  
journed until May 31, 1893, at 7:30 P. M.

WM. CARR, Town Clerk.

May 31, 1893, 7:30 P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.  
All members present. Min-  
utes of previous meeting read and  
approved. On motion the following  
order was adopted:

The board of supervisors of the  
town of Pelican, exercising the  
powers of a village board within the  
limits of the unincorporated Village  
of Rhinelander, in said town, having  
on the twentieth day of May, 1893, at  
7 o'clock P. M. of said day, heard all  
persons who came before them, for  
and against the construction of the  
sewers and drains described in the  
ordinance passed by said board on  
the ninth day of May, 1893, and duly  
published in the Vindicator, a weekly  
newspaper published in said town in  
the said Village of Rhinelander there-  
in, on the tenth day of May, 1893,  
and said board now deeming it nec-  
essary that of the sewers and drains  
described in said ordinance the fol-  
lowing be constructed, to-wit: On  
Davenport street the whole length;  
on Brown street from King street to  
Fives street; on Stevens street from  
Davenport street to King street, it is  
ordered that such sewers and drains  
be constructed. And said board  
having estimated and hereby estimat-  
ing the cost of constructing such  
sewers and drains at the sum of Sixty-  
five Hundred Dollars, now therefore  
there is hereby assessed upon all of  
the lots, pieces and parcels of land  
fronting or abutting on the work so  
ordered to be done for the purpose of  
paying that part of the costs of such  
sewers chargeable to said lots, the  
following tax:

Owner	Lot	Block	Tax
12	18		\$45.00
1	18		35.00
9	27		45.00
8	27		45.00
7	26		65.00
8	26		45.00
12	19		45.00
1	19		45.00
12	20		45.00
1	20		65.00
6	25		65.00
7	25		65.00
1	21		58.75
8	24		58.75
2	23		18.00
4	23		18.00
7	23		18.00
8	22		18.00
1	22		21.00
5	22		18.00
3	22		18.00
2	20		18.00
4	20		18.00
5	20		18.00
6	20		18.00
2	21		18.00
3	21		18.00
4	21		18.00
5	21		18.00
6	21		18.00
2	24		0.00
3	24		18.00
4	24		18.00
5	24		18.00
6	24		18.00

Original Plat of the Village of Rhinelander.

Name of Owner. Lot. Block. Tax.

12	18		\$17.00
1	18		17.00
9	27		17.00
8	27		17.00
7	26		17.00
8	26		17.00
12	19		17.00
1	19		17.00
12	20		17.00
1	20		17.00
6	25		17.00
7	25		17.00
1	21		17.00
8	24		17.00
2	23		17.00
4	23		17.00
7	23		17.00
8	22		17.00
1	22		17.00
5	22		17.00
3	20		17.00
4	20		17.00
5	20		17.00
6	20		17.00
2	21		17.00
3	21		17.00
4	21		17.00
5	21		17.00
6	21		17.00
2	24		0.00
3	24		17.00
4	24		17.00
5	24		17.00
6	24		17.00

Second Addition to the Village of Rhinelander.

Name of Owner. Lot. Block. Tax.

Owner	Lot	Block	Tax
.....	12	18	\$45.00
.....	1	18	45.00
.....	9	27	45.00
.....	8	27	45.00
.....	7	26	63.00
.....	8	26	45.00

# NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.  
RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN.

## The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

### DOMESTIC.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National League for the week ended on the 25th were as follows: Pittsburgh, .523; Cleveland, .547; Brooklyn, .563; St. Louis, .542; Philadelphia, .522; Boston, .520; Baltimore, .520; Cincinnati, .492; Washington, .440; New York, .440; Chicago, .409; Louisville, .214.

The heaviest rainfall in years occurred throughout Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana and the whole country was flooded and incalculable damage was done to planters.

Owing to the recent floods there was said to be 10,000 homeless and hungry people in East Carroll, Moorehouse, West Carroll and Madison parishes in Louisiana, and the sufferings and privations they were undergoing were appalling.

Forticultural hall at Philadelphia was burned, causing a loss of \$100,000.

Secretary Hoke Smith made a pension ruling to the effect that applicants must be incapacitated from manual labor before they can be eligible to a pension.

On the Cass Lake Indian reservation in Minnesota Shoe-wawu-ge-sh, the venerable Chippewa chieftain, was stabbed and instantly killed by an assassin. The chiefs relatives captured the assassin and shot him dead.

The sugar refinery at Baltimore, Md., was burned, the loss being \$1,000,000; insurance, \$865,000.

Rev. William Graham and wife while walking on the Central railroad near Milner, Ga., were struck by an engine and both were killed.

The world's fair grounds were thrown open on Sunday and also all the main exhibit buildings except the United States headquarters and the exhibits from Great Britain and the British colonies. Eighteen state buildings were open and twenty-two were closed.

The firm of Weaver, Getz & Co., one of the largest and most important in the coal business in Chicago, has suspended with liabilities of \$300,000.

Christian Harpers, aged 72, of Roanoke, Ind., while temporarily insane killed his wife, aged 70, and then took his own life.

While playing with a revolver Willie Knapp, of St. Paul, aged 21 years, shot and killed his sister, two years his junior.

F. H. Milburn, aged 30, son of the blind chaplain of the United States senate, cut his throat with a razor in Chicago while despondent.

Flames destroyed the icehouses and stables of T. P. & D. P. Ruby at New Brunswick, N. J., the loss being \$125,000.

A break in the levee north of Arkansas City, Ark., put a large portion of Desha county under water.

The fast train service on the Lake Shore and New York Central roads was successfully inaugurated. The "exposition flyer," west bound, reached Chicago in 19 hours and fifty-seven minutes, three minutes ahead of time, while that going east arrived in New York thirty seconds in advance.

In southwestern Arkansas a cyclone blew down a large number of houses and at Hope seven persons were injured, two fatally.

John Hoy, his wife and two children were found in their home at New Haven, Pa., with their throats cut. Opinion differed as to whether the father or an unknown was the murderer.

The business portions of Standish, Mich., and Newton, Miss., were burned.

Logan H. Root, a member of the Fortieth and Forty-first congresses, died from congestion of the brain at his home in Little Rock, Ark., aged 52 years.

Chauncy M. DeFew was reelected president of the New York society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Walter Main's circus was wrecked on the Tyrone and Clearfield branch of the Pennsylvania railway at Vail, Pa., and five persons were killed and eleven injured. The money loss was \$100,000.

The Infanta Ena, of Spain, visited Riverside park, New York, on Decoration day and placed a wreath of flowers on Gen. Grant's tomb.

Three children were burned to death at the home of Samuel Skiles near Pittsburgh, Pa.

United States deputy marshal Harris was killed in Hope county, Ark., being fired upon from ambush by moonshiners.

Through the carelessness of one of their number six miners employed at the Middle Creek colliery of the Reading company at Tremont, Pa., were fatally burned by an explosion of gas.

Memorial day was very generally observed throughout the country.

The blooming mill, engine room and boiler house of the Lackawanna Steel company at Scranton, Pa., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$125,000.

A cyclone at South Upton, Ga., wrecked several houses, destroyed plantations and killed Mrs. George Parker and her daughter.

The world's medical congress opened in the Art Institute in Chicago.

The National bank of North Dakota at Fargo was closed by the examiner, and the bank at Beresford, S. D., has closed its doors.

Two persons were killed and ten injured in a collision between suburban trains at Austin, Tex.

James Stanbury, of Australia, and Jake Gaudaur, of Canada, will row for the championship of the world August 17 at Pullman, Ill.

The Big Stone Gap Land company of Tennessee, capitalized at \$2,000,000, has been forced into liquidation.

E. Nelson Blake, of Massachusetts, was elected president of the Baptist Home Missionary society at its session at Denver, Col.

Ship to the value of \$107,000 was found in an unclaimed valise which had been sold in Montreal.

Montana's statue of Justice, made of silver worth \$75,000, and standing on a gold pedestal valued at \$200,000, was unveiled on the world's fair grounds.

During a tornado in Kentucky the courthouse and seven churches at Smithland were unroofed. Three persons were drowned by the capsizing of a boat on the river.

The comptroller has given the Capital national bank at Indianapolis permission to resume business, but refused the request of the Chemical bank of Chicago to resume.

General Manager Allen announced at Danvers, Ia., that he would not reinstate the men discharged from the Rock Island & Pacific railroad for visiting saloons while on duty.

The wholesale lumber firm of Muth-leson & Co. at St. Joseph, Mo., failed for \$150,000.

John Sturr, one of the best known farmers of Monroe county, Ind., was swindled out of \$4,000 in cash by two sharpers by the old scheme of exchanging packages.

By a cyclone in Mississippi the town of Iosedeale was destroyed and five persons were killed and many hurt.

John Wallace (colored) was lynched at Jefferson Springs, Ark., by a mob of his own race. He had assaulted Ida Warren, a 9-year-old colored girl.

A blaze at Columbus, O., destroyed the Case Manufacturing company and Neil wheel works plants; loss, \$180,000.

Grougta is to be re-enforced by a large colony of Mohammedans. They have, through an agent, secured 25,000 acres of land in that state and the option upon as much more.

The White county bank at Beebe, Ark., closed its doors.

During the month of May the attendance at the world's fair was 1,547,228 and the paid admissions numbered 1,077,282.

At the sixty-ninth annual meeting in Saratoga Springs, N. Y., of the Home Missionary society of the United States Gen. O. O. Howard, United States army, was elected president.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in session in Washington declared Dr. Charles A. Briggs guilty of heresy by a vote of 383 to 116.

The remains of Jefferson Davis were reinterred in Hollywood cemetery at Richmond, Va.

By the wreck of a stock train near Sioux City, Ia., one man was killed and four were hurt.

One passenger was killed and five seriously hurt by an engine crashing into a street car at Council Bluffs, Ia.

Indianapolis has a carnival of crime. Ten persons have met a tragic death in less than ten months.

Gold was being rapidly withdrawn from the United States treasury, more than \$5,000,000 having gone out during the past seven days.

The government receipts during the eleven months of the current fiscal year were \$255,762,910, against \$255,714,184 the preceding eleven months. The expenditures were \$269,250,055, against \$282,408,955 during the eleven preceding months.

The Victoria Cordage company of Cincinnati failed for \$400,000.

The giving away of a post in an adjoining exhibit in the government building on the world's fair grounds caused the destruction of the Alabama exhibit.

The Merchants' national bank, the oldest banking institution in Tacoma, Wash., suspended payment temporarily with \$600,000 liabilities and \$1,000,000 assets.

During the first five months of 1893 there were twenty failures of national banks, the capital involved being \$8,150,000, against seven failures for a corresponding period of 1892, when the capital aggregated \$625,000.

The Presbyterian general assembly in session in Washington suspended Prof. Charles A. Briggs from the ministry.

The Plankinton bank of Milwaukee closed its doors with liabilities of \$1,100,000. Continued withdrawal of deposits was given as the cause.

The Home brewery and rice mill at New Orleans were burned, involving a loss of \$250,000. Thirty horses perished in the flames.

With a paid-in capital stock of \$1,200,000 the National union bank of New York has begun business.

Many houses were wrecked by a cyclone near Forest City, Ark., and Mrs. Thomas, a widow, and her 12-year-old daughter were instantly killed.

At Van Buren Point, N. Y., a farmhouse was burned and four of the five inmates perished in the flames.

Fire destroyed the iron foundry works of J. B. & J. M. Cornell in New York, the loss being \$200,000.

Three men were killed, two others fatally and one seriously injured by a cave-in at the Ivanhoe tunnel near Leadville, Col.

Mrs. Frenshipp, of Bowerstown, Pa., was accidentally shot and killed by her husband as she entered their doorway.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

John Sizer, of Massachusetts, has been appointed consul general to Colombia, and W. A. Anderson, of La Crosse, Wis., to Montreal.

Daniel Larkins, probably the oldest man in Ohio, died in Bellevue, aged 107 years.

Mrs. Jane Baumgardner died at West Bridgewater, Pa., aged 107 years.

Mrs. Marie Nevins Blaine, the divorced wife of J. C. Blaine, Jr., was married in New York to W. T. Bull.

A permanent bureau is to be opened in New York city by the national republican committee.

Iowa prohibitionists in state convention at Des Moines made nominations as follows: For governor, B. O. Aylesworth, of Des Moines; lieutenant governor, J. C. Reed, of Delta; superintendent of public instruction, Miss Belle H. Mix, of Danville; supreme judge, J. A. Harvey, of Polk City; railroad commissioner, E. H. Gillette, of Des Moines. The resolutions favor woman suffrage, declare the liquor issue the paramount one, and denounce Sunday opening of the world's fair.

Phillips Hurrell, said to be the oldest mason in the United States, died at Winona, Minn., aged 94 years.

D. N. Morgan was sworn in as United States treasurer and William H. Pugh took the oath of office as commissioner of customs.

There will be ten contested seats in the Fifty-third congress.

### FOREIGN.

Louis Russ, a manufacturer living in Pola, Austria, and his fiancée, Irene Klopfer, committed suicide by taking poison.

A panic in a crowded church at Garmersheim, Bavaria, was caused by a cry of fire and four children were trampled to death and twenty-seven women received fatal injuries.

The United States government has stationed a physician at Hamburg, Germany, to inspect vessels sailing for American ports and to verify bills of health.

Large numbers of Mohammedans are said to be preparing to emigrate from India to America.

It was announced that China would terminate all relations with the United States if the Geary law was enforced.

The cholera has again appeared in Hamburg.

The tug John A. MacDonald, which left Kingston, Ont., with a raft for Quebec, was given up as lost with her crew of eight men.

It was reported that 5,000 residents of Pasto, Ecuador, were suffering from influenza and that fully one-fourth of the cases proved fatal.

A decree expelling the Chinese has been issued by the government of San Salvador.

M. Schuch, a coffee merchant at Havre, failed with liabilities of 1,000,000 francs.

Sixteen Mexican murderers were shot near Piedras Negras.

Chirio Lucero was lynched at Las Vegas, N. M., for the murder of a sheepowner and his herder.

The British ship Germania was wrecked in a cyclone in the Bay of Bengal and seventy-four lives were lost.

The new Palace of Industry at Rome, Italy, was destroyed by fire and four firemen perished in the flames.

The Spanish government has declared five days' quarantine against all vessels arriving from Cete and Hamburg on account of the cholera.

Many lives were reported lost by the sinking of the steamer Zaragoa near the Mangue coast.

Mail robbers near Kingston, Ont., secured twelve registered letters in which were about \$5,000.

Isinglass won the great English Derby, winning 6,000 sovereigns. Ravensbury ran second and Raburn third.

Hundreds of Indians at Quito, Ecuador, were dying of a peculiar disease. The body turns to a sky blue color, swells to three times its ordinary size and then death follows.

Michael Liaganag, aged 70, completed fifty years of labor as a city official at Kingston, and ranks as the oldest official in active service in Canada.

The Russian corvette Nitiaz went ashore on the Korean coast and was totally wrecked and nine lives were lost.

William Townsend, arrested in London on suspicion of attempting to kill Prime Minister Gladstone, has been found guilty.

Reports from Truxillo, Spanish Honduras, were to the effect that Americans were subject to great persecutions.

All the rivers near Manipur, India, overflowed their banks and submerged villages and many persons were drowned. At one point on a small stream twenty bodies were recovered.

### LATER.

The pastor of the Methodist church of Galesville, Ark., Rev. G. S. Derner, was arrested the 3d for forgery.

Four persons were burned to death in a tenement house in New York the 4th. They were Mr. and Mrs. William Bente, Issie Bente, his sister, and Helen Wetmore. The Bente family occupied the top flat. The fire started on the third floor, which was vacant, and ran up the airshaft. Everyone in the house was in bed.

Samuel Bush, a negro charged with having assaulted two women, was taken from the jail at Decatur, Ill., the 8d, by a mob and hanged to a telegraph pole. The governor has offered a reward of \$200 for the arrest and conviction of any participant in the lynching.

Fire, the 4th, destroyed the Shiverick building in Omaha, Neb., causing a loss of \$200,000. Next to the Shiverick building was a two-story structure occupied by E. Maurer's saloon and restaurant. On top of this building six firemen had gathered that they might better fight the flames. While they were there the west wall of the Shiverick block fell outward. Two of the firemen heard the cries of horror from the crowd and leaped from the building, only to be buried by bricks on the sidewalk. They were quickly rescued from their perilous predicament. The falling walls crushed the 2-story building like an eggshell, and four firemen were carried down to an awful death.

A cartload of gunpowder was exploded in the streets of Kirm, Prussia, the 4th by the spark from a pipe. Two men on the cart were killed and 13 other persons injured.

The president returned to Washington the 4th from his fishing trip at Cape Charles, Va.

A severe storm visited Sutton, Neb., the 4th. Hail in some of the ravines and cuts was four feet deep after the storm.

A fire started the night of the 4th in the Fuente coal mines in Mexico, four miles from Eagle Pass, Tex. Sixty men were in the mine at the time and all hope of their recovery has been abandoned.

The pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Albany, N. Y., Rev. Dr. James Peab, in his sermon the 4th, renounced Presbyterianism because of the decision of the general assembly in the Briggs case.

The attendance at the world's fair Sunday, the 4th, was disappointing, only 52,000 admissions being sold. Many of the exhibits were covered up.

### FOUGHT AMONG THEMSELVES.

Quarrymen and Laborers Do Battle on the Banks of the Illinois Drainage Canal - Many Men Hurt - A Negro Ground to Pieces by a Train While Trying to Escape His Assaultants.

Chicago, June 3.-War broke out between quarrymen and laborers at Romeo and Lamont Friday. Turbulent scenes were enacted and many men seriously injured, several, it is feared, fatally. A few days ago the Illinois Stone company reduced its quarrymen's wages from \$1.75 to \$1.50 a day. They believed that it was due to the importation of laborers for work on the canal, and great indignation arose among them. Four hundred quarrymen struck Friday, and armed with clubs and revolvers marched from one stone quarry to another gaining additions to their ranks. When their force was sufficiently strong they left the quarries and rushed upon the nearest camp of contractors on the drainage canal line. Camp after camp was visited and in each the men were driven from their work and where they resisted were assaulted by the strikers.

The employment of colored laborers on the canal still more enraged the strikers, and in spite of all the conservative men could do the riotous element carried the counsel and war was declared.

One negro while fleeing from the mob of excited Poles and Swedes was killed by a Santa Fe train. Charles Burns, general drainage foreman, is momentarily expected to die from wounds inflicted by the strikers. Foreman Powderly is not expected to live and Foreman Larson had his arm broken by a striking negro connected with the quarry strike at Joliet.

After several stormy meetings Friday morning a mob gathered in the vicinity of Romeo, and after listening to one or two incendiary speeches the men started for camp 1 on the sanitary district. Here they called upon the men to quit work and completely cowed the laborers by their show of strength and arms. About 500 of the canal diggers obeyed the order and threw down their shovels and picks. To emphasize their demands the strikers assaulted a few of the laborers and gave them severe beatings. No one was severely injured here.

A march was then made to Gilford's camp, where rumors of the trouble had preceded the rioters. The foreman had organized a resistance, and the strikers were met by a body of men hastily armed with such weapons as bars of iron and pick handles. The sight of an armed force seemed to enrage the strikers. Without hesitation they made a charge. The defenders of the camp made but little resistance. A few clustered around the foreman, James Powderly, and with him made a stand against the charge. The little band was overwhelmed by the numbers, and in a moment Powderly was stretched insensible on the ground. His men were steadily beaten back and finally, bruised and bleeding, were forced to take refuge in flight. The rioters swept on, leaving Powderly apparently dead behind them. He was subsequently found by his men and cared for at McArthur Bros' camp.

The next raid was on the camp of E. D. Smith & Co. Manager Jackson had heard of the approach of the mob and had gone to the headquarters of section 12 near Lemont to consult with his superiors. The camp was left in charge of Foreman Larsen. Smith's men were mainly colored and unarmed. The mob commanded Larsen and his men to quit work. The foreman refused and a rush was made. One of the colored laborers drew a revolver and dared the rioters to advance, threatening to shoot the first man who interfered with him. The mob made a rush, avoiding the man with the revolver. Larsen was knocked down and his arm was broken with a club as he was off a blow from his head. He was knocked senseless and his men put to rout. Larsen was subsequently carried into camp, fearfully beaten.

The mob heard that one of Agnew & Co.'s employes named Welch had threatened to have the ring-leaders arrested. This added to the fury of the strikers and they started to find Welch. He had disappeared and the rioters attacked Superintendent Burns and gave him a terrible beating. He was left for dead, and was carried by friends to his home in Lamont, where he was attended by Drs. Lecky and Fitzpatrick, who had also attended Powderly. Friday night the physicians said that Burns would recover, but there was little hope for Powderly.

Altogether the rioters visited seven camps on the drainage canal and drove off all the men. At the last camp, near Romeo, the negroes refused for a time to join the mob. Persuasive measures having failed a free for all fight followed. The negroes gave in shortly, but their leader was pursued for some distance. Finding himself in danger of rough handling from those behind him he attempted to board a swiftly moving Santa Fe train. He fell under the cars and was ground to pieces.

The most alarming reports reached Lockport and Lemont during the afternoon, and Chief of Police Hannibal Laughlin, of the latter place, telegraphed to the sheriff's office for aid. Five men were sent down on the evening train and remained over night to render aid in the event of further trouble.

A Pension for Mrs. O'Leary.

MARIONVILLE, Mich., June 3.-Mrs. O'Leary has secured eight dollars per month and \$300 arrears from Uncle Sam on account of Mr. O'Leary having fought in the rebellion. She is the woman that owned the cow that kicked over the lamp that started the fire that burned Chicago in 1871, and has been a respected resident of this place for many years.

Disastrous Floods in Eastern Galicia.

PARIS, June 3.-Great damage has been done by extensive floods in eastern Galicia and eighteen persons have been drowned.

### STILL AT WORK.

The Deadly Cyclone Continues Its Work - Destruction - Eldorado, Ark., Swept Away and Many Lives Lost - Ruin and Death in Tennessee.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 3.-The town of Eldorado, Union county, Ark., was swept by one of the most destructive cyclones about 4 o'clock Friday afternoon that has passed over this section of the southwest for years past. Eldorado has a population of 1,100 and the death and destruction to people and property in the town were frightful. A dispatch received here while the storm was raging says from fifteen to twenty-five persons were killed and injured in Eldorado, while the destruction of property and loss of life in the vicinity was terrible.

Almost every house in the town was unroofed or blown down, while three sawmills a short distance out were entirely blown away. The roof of the Baptist church was carried away, and the sexton, who was in the building preparing for a school commencement which was to have taken place Friday night, was instantly killed. Eldorado is one of the oldest inland towns in south Arkansas, and was before the days of railroads in the state the principal cotton market for that section. Many of the richest men in Arkansas are still citizens of Union county. The cyclone struck the town from a southwesterly direction and its coming was heard for fifteen minutes before it struck Eldorado. The telegraph wires are all down and nothing has been received here since 4:30 p. m. Friday.

Specimens from the surrounding country tell of much damage and loss of life. James Bates was killed by lightning at Huntington, Tenn., at which place a terrible storm of wind and rain raged, doing a large amount of damage. William Prather, of Falcon, Tenn., was killed by a cyclone and ten houses in that neighborhood were blown down. Prather's neck was broken by a piece of flying timber. The Obion river at Trimble, Tenn., is out of its banks and is 2 1/2 miles wide. Mrs. Manning, of Poplar Grove, Ark., was fatally injured by a cyclone; houses were destroyed and several people hurt. Camden, Tenn., was visited by the cyclone and the crops throughout Denton county were badly damaged. The rains have checked the fall of the Mississippi and appeals for aid are coming in from the overflowed districts, while fears are heightened that the levees cannot stand the strain.

### SENT TO THE BOTTOM.

Collision on Lake Huron Between the Steamer Corsica and an Unknown Vessel - The Latter Sinks Instantly and Her Crew Perish.

ALPENA, Mich., June 3.-The steel steamer Corsica collided with an unknown schooner 15 miles off Thunder Bay island on Lake Huron at daybreak Friday morning in a fog. The schooner was cut in two and went to the bottom instantly. Her entire crew was lost. The Corsica had no time to wait for the rescue of any survivors who might be floating around in the mass of wreckage, as her bow was stove in and water was pouring into her hold. She was run on the shore in Thunder bay just below Ossineke. The bows are all crushed in for a considerable distance and twenty-four big steel plates are loosened.

Capt. Cumming was asleep at the time of the collision. His mate states that the Corsica was bound down Lake Huron with a cargo of iron ore and had run all night through the fog. He claims that the Corsica did not run into the schooner, but that the schooner ran into the steamer. The moment they struck he states that the engines were reversed, and that the schooner disappeared from view in a second. Her disappearance was so sudden that not even her name, color or size could be made out by those on board the steamer. He is certain that the schooner's crew were all lost. On the steamer more attention was paid to her condition than to the fate of those on the schooner, for it was feared at first that she was going down.

That the unknown schooner was lost is made certain by the fish tug Angler, which has just arrived here. She reports having passed the cabin of the schooner and a large amount of wreckage off Thunder bay. There was no name on any article seen.

The cabin was about 13 feet long and was about one-third cut through, which clearly indicates that the steamer ran into the schooner. In a coat which was picked up among the wreckage was a letter signed by Joe Davy, 213 Cherry street, Green Bay, Wis., March 30, 1893. There was no envelope on the letter nor any other way of telling to whom it was addressed.

### DOWN AN EMBANKMENT.

Frightful Plunge of a Passenger Train in Tennessee - Eleven Persons Injured.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 3.-A wreck in which eleven persons were injured occurred on the northwestern division of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad near Newsom station on Friday morning. The rear coach of passenger train No. 54, from Memphis, due here at 7 o'clock, jumped the track and rolled down an embankment between 30 and 40 feet high. Several of the passengers were severely injured. All were brought here, and six of them are at St. Margaret's hospital. The cause of the accident is not known.

### A Chicago Bank Assigns.

CHICAGO, June 3.-Cheverton, Martin & Co., doing business under the name of the West Chicago bank at Ogden avenue and Twelfth street, made a voluntary assignment to Abraham Baldwin Friday morning. The liabilities are given as \$30,000 and the assets at \$20,000. Strangely in the money market is given as the cause.

### Killed His Wife.

HATTLE CREEK, Neb., June 3.-Fred Sargent shot and killed his wife and then cut his own throat. He is still alive, but will die. Jealousy was the cause.

# WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Queer Matrimonial Complication.

The decision of the state supreme court ordering a new trial of W. G. French for the murder of Galvin M. Steele at Ashland is likely to cause a serious complication. James Duket, who figured conspicuously in the matter which led up to the murder, married the murderer's wife only a few weeks ago, the latter supposing she was free because of French's life sentence in the penitentiary. The couple are now living in Chicago. It was the attentions paid Mrs. French by Duket that led finally to the murder.

Regiment of Knights Organized.

A meeting of officers of the uniformed rank Knights of Pythias was held at Beloit, the outgrowth of which was the organization of the Third regiment of Wisconsin. The following officers were elected:

Colonel, T. P. Graben, Beloit; lieutenant colonel, S. T. Osborne, Mineral Point; major, E. G. Redolf, La Crosse; surgeon, G. F. Spencer, Evansville; assistant surgeon, R. B. Clark, Joda; adjutant, C. A. Still, Beloit; quartermaster, C. C. Gratiot, Schellsburg.

Temperance Women.

The twentieth annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union of Wisconsin was held at Eau Claire, and elected the following officers:

President, Mrs. V. H. Campbell, of Evansville; vice president, Mrs. Fannie K. East, of Lake Mills; treasurer, Mrs. Anna C. East, of Lake Mills; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Maria E. Blanchett; recording secretary, Mrs. Strong, of Baraboo; secretary of young women's branches, Mrs. Maud Barker, of Schellsburg.

Ran Through by a Huggy Spring.

While Henry Geible, foreman in Andrews' mill at New London, was getting into a buggy he slipped, and in trying to save himself got hold of the whip, which broke in two and struck the horse. The animal jumped and crushed Geible between the wheels and box, the buggy spring being run clear through his body. He lived only an hour. He leaves a wife and family.

Senator Sawyer Settles.

Ex-Senator Sawyer stated in an interview at Milwaukee that he had given his check for \$26,000 to pay the amount due the state from him in interest as bondsman for State Treasurer Harshaw. Mr. Sawyer was bondsman also for Richard Guenther when Guenther was treasurer, and it is estimated that he will be obliged to pay nearly \$100,000 for Guenther.

Wisconsin Homeopathic.

The Homeopathic Medical society in annual session in Milwaukee elected officers as follows:

President, J. J. Davis, of Racine; first vice president, T. P. Stiles, of Sparta; second vice president, F. D. Brooks, of Milwaukee; recording secretary, G. L. Alexander, of Milwaukee; corresponding secretary, J. W. Cutler, of Milwaukee; treasurer, E. W. Hebe, of Milwaukee.

The Plankinton Bank Suspends.

The Pl



Currents 6c per pound at Langdon's.

Monday was the hottest day of the season.

Martin & Berry keep all kinds of grass seed.

Paul Browne and family are spending the week in Chicago.

Peppers, mustard, allspice, ginger, 20c per pound at Langdon's.

Mrs. C. H. Brown has gone to the Waupaca lakes for a summer's visit.

California apricots and pears, in pound cans, 25c at Langdon's.

A boy put in his appearance at John Barnes' home yesterday morning.

Charley Pingry spent a couple of days fishing at Tomahawk Lake this week.

Ed. Shimmer left Tuesday for Chicago, where he will remain permanently.

Art Rogers was in town Saturday. He is now in the meat business at Antigo.

Lawis' father is up from Port

campaign against the Indians of the northwest in 1794.

A party of savages from Ohio had crossed into Kentucky, collected a large number of horses belonging to certain of the settlers and escaped with them across the river unmolested. It was a mere thieving expedition unattended with loss of life or any violence. The scout, Joshua Baker, was a sufferer by this foray.

Four horses were stolen from him, among them a fine, blooded mare, on which he set a high value.

On discovering his loss, without wasting time in summoning the assistance of neighbors, he set out at once in pursuit, accompanied by an Irishman in his employ named Delaney.

Bold Mike Delaney was a true son of Erin, a stalwart fellow of about thirty years of age, a native of Dublin. Mike loved a fray always, especially when the odds were on the other side; and he hated red niggers, as the Indians were sometimes called.

Though he had been but a few years upon the frontier a lively experience in Indian fighting, during that exciting period when the savages from the neighborhood of the Miami and the Scioto, alarmed at the steady encroachments of the whites, were redoubting their exertions against them, had taught him much of Indian ways. It had not conquered in him, however, a spirit of reckless audacity which on more than one occasion had been near proving the end of him.

The scout, on the other hand, by a long and active apprenticeship in border warfare, had become thoroughly versed in Indian character, in savage ways and wiles, and was one of the most trusted men upon the frontier. Though venturesome he was prudent, and enjoyed among the settlers a reputation

for courage and sagacity not inferior to that of Boone or Kenton.

For two days they followed the trail in Ohio in a northwesterly direction without getting an opportunity to strike, so vigilant were the savages, so keenly apprehensive of pursuit. Each evening spies were posted on commanding points and vigilant watch was maintained throughout the night, so much did they fear the white man's vengeance.

On the evening of the third day, the pursued party, fifteen in number, came upon a camp of thirty or forty other Indians, from whom they had probably separated to make the raid into Kentucky. They were encamped in a meadow, covered with grass, which lay between tall forests on the east and west. These, closing round it at a distance on the north, forced an amphitheater of woods. On the south the prospect was unobstructed almost as far as the eye could reach, save by bushes occasionally and here and there clumps of small trees.

The pursuers now took counsel with each other as to the best course to be pursued. Both were of opinion that the Indians would not likely be at any time more off their guard than they would become now, made confident of security by so great an accession of numbers.

The camp was on the east side of the meadow, close to the forest, wherein secreted the pursuers peered forth through the leaves of the underwood upon the foe. So near had they approached that they could not only hear distinctly the voices, but could distinguish the features of some of the nearer Indians.

To the north of the camp the horses, of which there were nearly a hundred, including those stolen and those belonging to the Indians, were turned loose to browse upon the pasturage of the wild meadow. Their strays were limited by a narrow stream which crossed the meadow from forest to forest. No other restraint seemed imposed.

The hunters, having made due survey of the camp, then determined to withdraw and take up a position in nearer proximity to the horses. The shades of night, which were rapidly coming on, enabled them to execute this maneuver with less likelihood of detection. Withdrawing more toward the interior of the wood, they descended a long, gently sloping hill within the forest, and reached the bank of the stream referred to, near where it left the meadow. Following its course, they presently emerged into the open, keeping carefully behind the shelter of the bank.

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"I must have been mistaken," replied the other.

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"Her and auld Christopher beside her," said the latter. "I'd know the two among a thousand. How it lightning!"

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Delaney handed him the ropes and proceeded to do as directed; but he had not taken a dozen steps, stumbling along over the inequalities of the ground, when a dark object sprang up out of the grass before him, the muzzle of a gun was placed at his breast.

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him. A desperate struggle ensued upon the edge of the steep bank. For a few moments the result of the contest seemed doubtful. The two men were pretty evenly matched in strength, but Delaney was the more active and the more expert wrestler. The Indian all the time kept uttering that alarming whoop.

Now they bore away from the bank, anon they approached it. Their forms toppled upon the edge. Their feet with difficulty retained a hold upon it, and nothing but a miracle seemed adequate to keep them from being precipitated into the stream. Delaney had his wits alert, however, to prevent such a catastrophe. Bracing himself with one foot against a slight projection of the bank, with a skillful move of the other he knocked his opponent's feet from under him. The Indian fell, with his head away from the stream, and Delaney fell upon him.

"Take that for the devil's son of a rascal!" he exclaimed, drawing his knife and plunging it into his foe.

Then, extricating himself quickly from the grasp of the dead Indian, he made swiftly toward Baker. The scout, at a distance, was busy with the horses, unaware of the struggle just concluded, though he had heard the outcry.

Meanwhile the yells of the savage had aroused the camp, as well as the others stationed along the bank of the stream and by the wood. Yells resounded on all hands. The horses loose



DEALING BLOWS TO RIGHT AND LEFT

in the pasture, terrified by the noise and confusion, were charging about, and a regular stampede was commencing; while the Indians, perplexed and uncertain as yet as to the nature or number of the foe, were bounding about, uttering most diabolical shrieks, and brandishing their weapons.

Grim warriors, stalwart of form, scarred in battle, young braves who had been no more than once or twice on the war-path, all naked to the waist, heaving with fierce passion, mingled their yells together in horrible discord.

The lightning was so incessant now that there was scarcely any intermission between its flashes, the thunder made a continuous roar, and the wind, which was high, swept the rain in sheets.

"Mount, Mike! Mount!" yelled Baker, at the top of his voice, seeing Delaney come bounding toward him, and throwing him the rope with which he had secured Christopher. "The game is up, and we must run for it!"

So saying he threw himself upon the mare's back, and dashed his heels into her sides. The noble animal pawed the air for a moment, then, to her master's "On! On!" sprang forward like a shot, Mike closely following upon Christopher.

Down they bore at a furious pace upon the foe whose forms were illumined with ghastly distinctness by the lightning. The next moment they were in the midst of the hellish confusion, dealing blows to right and left of them as they bore along. It was as mad a career as was ever run by mortal man, amid yells, curses and groans, scattered fires and ascending clouds of smoke and ashes, the whole herd thundering along in front, beside and behind them. Many bullets flew about their ears, but these and other missiles, as if by miracle, they escaped.

In another moment the ordeal was past. The howls, groans and cries of baffled rage from the camp grew fainter and fainter as they receded, and soon died out altogether. The steady beat of hoofs was, aside from those of the tempest, the only sound which fell upon the ears of the hunters, whose steeds rapidly bore them to the ran. Soon the storm, having spent its main force, began to subside. The clouds gradually broke up and rolled away, and the moon and stars shone forth. The pace of the horses, from a headlong gallop, continued unabated for a mile or two, then slackened by degrees to a trot and finally to a walk.

At a little after dawn the hunters came up with a party from Kentucky, who, like themselves, had set forth in pursuit of the savages. Having either missed the trail or despaired of overtaking the foe, they were returning home. The sight of their property, which they had given up for lost, thus unexpectedly restored without any hazard on their part in its recovery, was a surprise, indeed, and a gratification. The increase, of course, belonged to the hunters.

How many Indians were killed or wounded in that wild stampede they never knew, but many must have perished. As for Baker and Delaney, their deed won them praise wherever it was known, and was long talked of on the frontier, even where bold deeds were common.—James S. Pride, in N. Y. Ledger.

Barnum, the showman, never lacked either words or wit in any emergency. One day he met a man who valued greatly his friendship, but could not accept his religious views. After a pleasant chat on various matters the conversation turned, and Mr. Barnum's special views were discussed. In parting, Mr. Barnum's friend said: "Now, my dear sir, do you really think you will go to heaven?" "Well, that depends," said Mr. Barnum, promptly; "but, my good sir, I think I have the greatest show on earth."

## PITH AND POINT.

—Sympathizing Friend—"You ought to ask old Skindint to keep one open in mind." Discouraged Debtor—"He'd charge me for storage."—Detroit Tribune.

—Little Kate—"I don't believe Hettie Green had a bit of a good time at the picnic." Mamma—"Why?" "Well, she didn't tear her dress or get hurt once."—Inter-Ocean.

—"Hello!" said the passenger in a street-car when something broke, "what was that?" "I don't know. Probably somebody wanted to catch a car and set a trap for it."—Washington Star.

—Customer (to head waiter)—"Here, sir, this clumsy fellow has spilled over half of my cup of tea down my back." Head Waiter (to clumsy waiter, sternly)—"Bring this gentleman a full cup of tea instantly!"

—Mr. Wickwire—"What is that woman across the way trying to sing?" Mrs. Wickwire—"My sweetheart's the Man in the Moon." Mr. Wickwire—"Well, if he don't hear it, it isn't her fault."—Indianapolis Journal.

—Wickwire—"I tell you, Yabby, my boy, there's nothing like a baby to brighten up a man's home." Yabsley—"Yes, I have noticed that the gas seems to be at full height in your house at almost any hour of the night."—Quips of Buffalo.

—Johnny Snuggs—"Papa, what kind of an eye is one troubled with strabismus?" "It's a cross-eye, Johnny." Johnny—"Then, papa, don't you think mamma has a strabismus disposition sometimes?"—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

—Do not think because a young woman always appears neat and tidy that she spends the greater part of her time with thread and needle. Before coming to this conclusion it is well to examine her mother's left forefinger.—Boston Transcript.

—An Excuse Always Ready.—Hennessy Martel—"Why do you always eat coffee after drinking? Why don't you eat flag or orris root?" Old Otard—"Well, you see, my wife has become convinced by Dr. Klubarb that coffee is intoxicating."—Puck.

—Unaccountable Change in Public Taste.—Editor of Pudge—"I don't see why our paper doesn't sell as well as it used to." Publisher—"No more do I. Are the jokes different from what we used to print?" Editor—"No, indeed. They're identically the same."—Life.

—Jeweler (to Grocer)—"I beg your pardon, but didn't I see you put two or three finger rings and a scarf pin in your pocket?" Grocer—"Certainly. When you come into my place aren't you always picking up things and putting them in your mouth?"—Boston Transcript.

—Bilton—"It is a great misuse of terms to say a man is the architect of his own fortune." Clifton—"How so?" Bilton—"When an architect plans a \$1,000 house it costs \$2,000, but when a man plans to get a \$20,000 fortune he usually lands somewhere in the neighborhood of \$200."—Tit-Bits.

## THE REAL THINGS.

Importance of Developing the Spiritual Being.

The day of chivalry and knight-errantry is past. Even the sentimentalisms of the eighteenth century are out of date. The age we live in is intensely practical. Men and women do; they do not dream of doing. Nor do they waste their strength in struggles after imaginary blessings. Each good they strive for must be brought to the test of actual live service to themselves or to other people. Any good which can not pass this test is deprecated, and its seekers are "sentimental enthusiasts."

But quite as earnest and emphatic is the declaration of another set of people: "Handsome clothes and abundant bread and butter are as ashes in the mouth of the man who longs only for quietness of spirit and time to think of higher things."

It is hard to decide what are the best things of life. It depends so entirely upon from which stand the view is taken. It seems at length to resolve itself into a question as to which are the real things, and that, of course, each man must determine for himself. If he is confident that the only solid satisfaction in life is better food and clothing and higher social position for himself and his family, he is clearly justified in putting all his energies into the work of getting them. He would be but a fool who would fight for imaginary benefits.

But the spiritual are the real things to the man who lives in his mind, and from that vantage-ground looks out at the passing of this world with a curious sense of its transiency and unreality. What his body eats and wears is a temporary need only, and so of slight consequence. Why should he waste his strength in gaining what is of small importance to him?

And here is another difference. The first man may or may not get what he works for. Earthly good is not always found by those who diligently seek it. The second man will gain his aim. Spiritual good is always found by those who seek it. And, sometimes, to the spiritual good the other things are "added." Therefore, from a practical standpoint, the second man seems to possess an immense advantage. Only who will believe that argument enough to make the experiment?—Harper's Bazar.

## In a New York Court.

Judge—Have you formed or expressed any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused in this case.

**HILL'S** **REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE** and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

**Double Chloride of Gold Tablets**

**TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.**

**DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT** can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS. During treatment patients are allowed the free use of liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up. We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

**HILL'S TABLETS** are for sale by all first-class druggists at \$1.00 per package. If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

**DO NOT BE DECEIVED** into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no other.

Manufactured only by

**THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,**  
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

**PARTICULARS FREE.**

**RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED**  
(In writing please mention this paper.)

**THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,**  
51, 53 and 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

**THE NORTHWESTERN**  
**Chloride of Gold Institute.**

Is now ready to receive and treat patients.

The treatment is neither an unknown or untried affair. It has successfully cured hundreds of cases, where the liquor, morphine, opium or tobacco habit had become a fixed disease.

It is the only Institute in this immediate section that is licensed to use the famous Tri-Chloride of Gold Cure and is the most advantageous for Northern Wisconsin people to be treated.

The terms are reasonable and a cure absolutely guaranteed. Call on or address

**DR. H. C. KEITH,**  
Rhineland, Wis.

**JOHN E. JACKSON**  
**Plumber and Electrician.**

We are now prepared to do all kinds of plumbing—Steam Heating, Hot Water Heating, Sanitary Plumbing, Hydraulic Beer Pumps.

**Incandescent Wiring and Electro Mechanical Cogs.**

Estimates Furnished on Complete Electric Lighting Plants. Agents for Richmond Victor Steam and Hot Water Heaters.

Office on Stevens Street opposite Fuller House.

**J. B. SCHELL,**  
**Merchant Tailor!**

Brown Street, Rhineland.

A Full Line of Foreign and Domestic Cloths always on hand. If you want a first-class perfect-fitting suit call on me.

**F. A. HALLET & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

**MEAT,**  
Fish, Game and Poultry

**RHINELANDER, WIS.**

**Advertised Letters.**

**RHINELANDER, June 7, '93.**

Ben, Billy  
Carlson, N. B.  
Dekarske, H. (2)  
Johnson, Edw.  
Kellene, J. Dr.  
Leach, Fred  
Maki, Andrew  
Meyer, Julia  
Meyer, Frank J.  
McKenzie, Jesse Mrs.  
McDonald, P. (2)  
McCook, Patrick  
Odie, Joe

Petell, Ed  
Paulsen, Chris  
Parker, Chester  
Rosenthal, Geo.  
Tackart, Joseph  
Trove, Annie  
Thomson, Ole  
Walsh, T. (2)  
Wallstar, P. (2)  
Westin, Lena  
Weit, Fred  
Whillan, Jesse  
Walker, G. W.

Please say advertised when called for.  
D. S. JOHNSON, P. M.

World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Illinois.

For the World's Columbian Exposition, excursion tickets will be on sale at the M. L. S. & W. Ry. ticket office commencing April 25 up to and succeeding Oct. 31, 1893, limited forgoing passage to date following date of sale and for return passage until November 15, 1893. The fare for round trip will be for adults \$14.85; children between 5 and 12 years of age half of above rate. Persons checking their baggage will be required to have the baggage marked with their name and permanent address. This is to avoid baggage going astray.

H. C. DRABGER, Agt.

Land For Sale.

S. W. N. E. sec. 9, T. 36 R. 9, forty acres, adjoining Rhineland, for sale at a bargain. Write.  
R. C. WILLIAMS,  
L'Anse, Mich.

**Notice To Contractors.**

Sealed proposals addressed to the board of supervisors of the town of Pelican, Oneida County, Wisconsin, will be received at the office of the town clerk, Rhineland, Wis., until 4 P. M. of the tenth day of June 1893, for furnishing materials and constructing sewerage and appurtenances, approximately as follows:

1025 lineal feet of 24 inch vitrified pipe sewer.  
500 lineal ft. of 15 inch vitrified pipe sewer.  
1500 lineal feet of 12 inch vitrified pipe sewer.  
Together with nine (9) manholes; twenty-two (22) catchbasins, and four (4) flush basins, and appurtenances complete; all to be completed on or before the 30th day of August, 1893.

Plans, blanks and specifications may be seen at the office of the town clerk, Rhineland, Wis.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars (\$250) payable to the Town of Pelican, Oneida County, Wis.

A bond of 20 per cent. of the contract price will be required from the party to whom the work is awarded with surties, to be approved by said board.

The board of supervisors reserve the right to reject any or all proposals.

W. L. BEERS,  
Chairman of Town Board.  
Wm. W. Catta, Clerk.  
Rhineland, Wis., June 1, 1893.

**Notice To Contractors.**

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at my office until the tenth day of June at eight o'clock in the evening, for the building of a three roomed school building in the South Park Addition to the Village of Rhineland, in accordance with plans and specifications on file in my office.

All persons bidding for this work must be responsible and able to furnish ample security for its proper completion.

The school board reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

PAUL BROWNE, Pres.

**Notice of Sale.**

In the matter of the administration of the estate of John O'Connor deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter by the county court of Oneida county, Wis., on the 6th day of June 1893, the undersigned administratrix and administrator of said estate, will on the 30th day of June, 1893, at one o'clock P. M. at lot No. 10 of block No. 8, in the original plat of Eagle River, on Wall Street in the village and town of Eagle River, Vilas county, Wis., offer for sale at public auction the following described land, situated in the county of Vilas, Wisconsin, to-wit:

The center one-third of lot 7 of block 2; lots 4 and 5 of block 3; lots 1, 6 and 9 of block 5; and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of block 7, all in the plat of the n.w. 1/4 of section 33, township 40 n, range 10 e; also blocks 1 and 2 and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of block 3; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of block 5; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of block 7; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of block 9; all in the original plat of Eagle River; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 of block 3, of Ann O'Connors First Addition to Eagle River; also lots 4 of section 27, town 40 n, range 10 e, excepting the sw five acres; also lot 3, section 32 and lot 2 of section 35 in township 40 n of range 10 e; also lot 5 of section 2 township 40 n, range 9 e; also 3 acres of the ne corner of the sw 1/4 of the sw 1/4 of section 27, township 40 n, range 10 e, subject to lease of W. W. Forester; also lot 9 and the unplatted portions of the sw 1/4 of section 28; lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, and the s half ne 1/4 and the s half ne 1/4 of section 32, the ne 1/4 of the ne 1/4, the s half of the ne 1/4, the s half of the ne 1/4, the undivided 1/2 of the s half of the ne 1/4, the n half of the ne 1/4 of section 33, and lot 2 of section 35, all in township 40 n of range 10 e and lot 5 of section 2, township 40 n of range 9 e.

Dated June 6, 1893.  
ANN O'CONNOR, Administratrix.  
Geo. O'CONNOR, Administrator  
of estate of John O'Connor deceased.  
June 4-4w Jun 29

**Notice.**

We are making special prices on shingles for a few days longer; call and see us and save money.  
ARNER CONRO & SON.

**Notice.**

The Sugar Camp Improvement Co. will charge the following toll for logs passing through its lakes and dams, viz.:

No. 1 or Dam Lake, 2 1/2 cents per M ft.  
No. 2 or Sand Lake, 3 cents per M ft.  
No. 3 or Stone Lake, 4 cents per M ft.  
No. 4 or Echo Lake, 5 cents per M ft.  
No. 5 or Chain Lake, 6 cents per M ft.

All toll payable upon reaching the Wisconsin river.

**SUGAR CAMP IMPROVEMENT CO.**  
J. D. DAY, Sec'y.  
Rhineland, Wis., April 5, 1893.

To Hugh Moore and William McDonald and to All whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that the mortgage hereinafter described will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, or sufficient thereof to satisfy such mortgage, pursuant to a power of sale contained in such mortgage, whereby the mortgagee or his assigns are empowered to sell the said mortgaged premises upon default being made in any condition thereof.

That William McDonald and Hugh Moore are the names of the mortgagors in said mortgage; that one William Doran is therein named as mortgagee and that said mortgage heretofore assigned said mortgage to Milo Jenkins who in turn assigned same heretofore to C. D. F. Allen of Milwaukee, Wis., the undersigned; which assignments were duly recorded; that said mortgage is dated May 11, 1892, and was recorded on the seventeenth day of May, 1892 at 8 o'clock A. M. in volume one (1) of mortgages on page four hundred and eight (408) in the office of the register of deeds in and for Oneida County, Wis. That the amount claimed to be due thereon at this date is one hundred and fifty seven and 40/100 dollars being the principal and accrued interest.

That the following is the description of the mortgaged premises: The south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section No. twenty-eight in township No. thirty-eight north, of range No. six east containing forty acres, more or less, situated in Oneida county, Wisconsin. That pursuant to said power of sale which became operative by reason of the non-payment as aforesaid of said principal and accrued interest, the undersigned will sell said mortgaged premises or so much thereof as may suffice to satisfy said mortgage, at public auction, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday the eighth day of July, 1893, at the Court House, in the city of Rhineland, in Oneida County, Wisconsin, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated Milwaukee, Wis., May 15, 1893.  
C. D. F. ALLEN,  
Post office address: 189 Reed Street, Milwaukee, Wis. (in care of F. J. Walther), F. J. Walther, Attorney.

**ONEIDA COUNTY.** } ss. In Municipal Court.  
To T. G. Solomon: }  
You are hereby notified that a warrant of attachment has been issued against you, and your property attached to satisfy the demand of S. A. Spafford and D. J. Cole, amounting to \$35.00; now unless you shall appear before Paul Browne, Esq., municipal judge in and for said county, at his office in the village of Rhineland in said county, on the 24th day of June A. D. 1893, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and answer the complaint against you and your property sold to pay the debt.

Dated this 26th day of May A. D. 1893.  
S. A. SPAFFORD & D. J. COLE,  
Plaintiffs.

**FORECLOSURE SALE.**

In Circuit Court, Oneida County.  
George H. Finch, William H. Van Slyke, Albert A. Young and Constantine J. McConville, co-defendants as Finch, Van Slyke, Young & Company, vs.

John W. Sullivan, Annie J. Sullivan, Gideon M. Little, Laura Little, H. W. Wright and Sidney H. Huxford, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly rendered and entered in the above entitled cause, in the Circuit Court of Oneida county, Wis., on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1893, in favor of the above named plaintiffs and against the above named defendants, by which judgment it was ordered and adjudged that the mortgagee recourses heretofore described be sold pursuant to law by the sheriff of said Oneida County, and which judgment remains wholly unpaid and unsatisfied, I shall, on the 7th day of July, 1893, at the west door of the Court House in the Village of Rhineland, in said Oneida County, at two o'clock in the afternoon, offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the mortgaged premises described in said judgment as follows:

Lot Number ten (10) is block number two (2) of the village of Rhineland in said Oneida (new Vilas) county, according to the recorded plat of said village.

Dated May 23, 1893. ED. BRAZELL,  
may 25-4w-jul 6 Sheriff of Oneida Co., Wis.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**

Unit States Land Office, Wausau, Wis., March 21st, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 5, 1878, amended Aug. 4, 1892, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Michael J. Rhineland, of Rhineland, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has filed in this office his sworn statement No. 26, for the purchase of lots 1, 2, and 6 and 7 of section 26, in township No. 36 north, range No. 6 east and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Wednesday, the 14th day of June, 1893. He names as witnesses, A. L. Steiwright, Charles Woodcock, Francis Ulrich, Timothy Lennon, all of Rhineland, Wis. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are required to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of June, 1893.

ED. BRAZELL,  
Register.

**Real Estate Loan and Insurance.**  
**Exchange.**

I have over 300 of the most desirable Residence Lots in Rhineland for sale, ranging in price from \$100 to \$500 each. Also many of the Finest Business Sites.

Time given purchasers who intend building. Sole agent for all property of M. L. S. & W. R'y Co, Brown Brothers, S. H. Alban and others.

••• LOANS •••

I can place any amount of money on improved Real Estate at 40 per cent. of its value, on from 1 to 5 years time, netting from 8 to 10 per cent. interest per annum.

- - INSURANCE - -

I represent several of the Heaviest and most liberal and reliable Insurance Companies doing business in the world and make a specialty of writing Fire Insurance at Equitable Rates.

- - ABSTRACT - -

The only Abstracts of Oneida County Lands. Two Complete Sets.

Office on Duaneport Street. **PAUL BROWNE**

**ED. ROGERS,**  
**Horseshoer!**

Will attend to all work entrusted to me in a satisfactory manner.

**I ALSO SHOE CATTLE.**  
Shop next to Giant Sleigh Works.

**SLIMMER'S**

**NEW**  
**Clothing . . .**  
**. . . House.**

**IS FILLED TO OVERFLOWING**

**With Gent's Furnishing Goods.**

**Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.**

**GOLDEN EAGLE**  
**BARBER SHOP.**

**Fuller House Block.**  
J. H. LEWIS, Proprietor.

All work in the tonsorial line done satisfactory.

Ladies' Hair Dressing a Specialty.